

p57kip2 (ABT214) mouse mAb

YM4838 Catalog No:

Human; Mouse; Rat; Reactivity:

Applications: IHC;WB;IF;ELISA

Target: p57

Fields: >>Cell cycle

Gene Name: CDKN1C

Protein Name: Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C

P49918

P49919

Human Gene Id: 1028

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12577

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Synthesized peptide derived from human protein. AA range:200-316 Immunogen:

The antibody can specifically recognize human p57kip2 protein. **Specificity:**

Formulation: PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% BSA

Source: Mouse, Monoclonal/IgG2b, kappa

Dilution: IHC 1:200-1000. WB 1:500-2000. IF 1:100-500. ELISA 1:1000-5000

Purification: Protein G

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 50kD

1/3

Observed Band: 57kD

Cell Pathway : Cell_Cycle_G1S;Cell_Cycle_G2M_DNA;

Background : P57kip2 is a cell cycle inhibitor and tumor suppressor. The gene is mainly

located on the mother's chromosome 11. By blocking the G1 / S phase transition in the cell cycle, we can realize the negative regulation of the cell cycle, and then prevent cell proliferation and tumor formation. In complete hydatidiform mole, there is a lack of maternal gene and p57 negative expression, while in partial hydatidiform mole, there are genes of both parents and p57 positive expression,

which can be used for the study of early hydatidiform mole pregnancy.

Function: disease:Defects in CDKN1C are a cause of Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome

(BWS) [MIM:130650]. BWS is a genetically heterogeneous disorder characterized by anterior abdominal wall defects including exomphalos

(omphalocele), pre- and postnatal overgrowth, and macroglossia. Additional less

frequent complications include specific developmental defects and a

predisposition to embryonal tumors., disease: Defects in CDKN1C are involved in tumor formation., function: Potent tight-binding inhibitor of several G1 cyclin/CDK complexes (cyclin E-CDK2, cyclin D2-CDK4, and cyclin A-CDK2) and, to lesser extent, of the mitotic cyclin B-CDC2. Negative regulator of cell proliferation. May

play a role in maintenance of the non-proliferative state throughout

life., similarity: Belongs to the CDI family., tissue specificity: Expressed in the heart,

brain, lung, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas and testis. High levels ar

Subcellular Location:

Nuclear

Expression: Expressed in the heart, brain, lung, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas and testis.

Expressed in the eye. High levels are seen in the placenta while low levels are

seen in the liver.

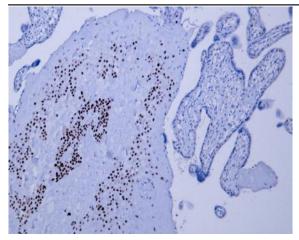
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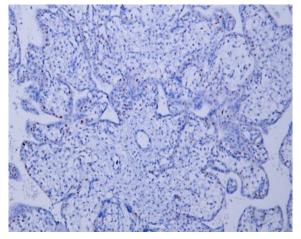
Host: Mouse

Modifications: Unmodified

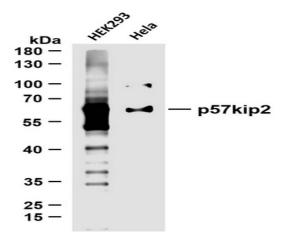
Products Images



Human placenta tissue was stained with Anti-p57kip2 (ABT214) Antibody



Human placenta tissue was stained with Anti-p57kip2 (ABT214) Antibody



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-p57kip2 (ABT214) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Mouse IgG(H+L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: HEK293 Lane 2: Hela