

Cellular Apoptosis Susceptibility/CSE1L (PTR1397) mouse mAb

Catalog No :	YM4813
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat;
Applications :	WB;IF;ELISA
Target :	CAS
Fields :	>>Nucleocytoplasmic transport;>>Salmonella infection
Gene Name :	CSE1L
Protein Name :	Exportin-2
Human Gene Id :	1434
Human Swiss Prot No :	P55060
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q9ERK4
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein.AA range:1-100
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of CSE1L.
Formulation :	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Source :	Mouse, Monoclonal/IgG3, kappa
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000. IF 1:100-500. ELISA 1:1000-5000
Purification :	Protein G
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	110kD
Observed Band :	110kD

Background : Proteins that carry a nuclear localization signal (NLS) are transported into the nucleus by the importin-alpha/beta heterodimer. Importin-alpha binds the NLS, while importin-beta mediates translocation through the nuclear pore complex. After translocation, RanGTP binds importin-beta and displaces importin-alpha. Importin-alpha must then be returned to the cytoplasm, leaving the NLS protein behind. The protein encoded by this gene binds strongly to NLS-free importin-alpha, and this binding is released in the cytoplasm by the combined action of RANBP1 and RANGAP1. In addition, the encoded protein may play a role both in apoptosis and in cell proliferation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012],

Function : function:Export receptor for importin-alpha. Mediates importin-alpha re-export from the nucleus to the cytoplasm after import substrates (cargos) have been released into the nucleoplasm. In the nucleus binds cooperatively to importin-alpha and to the GTPase Ran in its active GTP-bound form. Docking of this trimeric complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated through binding to nucleoporins. Upon transit of a nuclear export complex into the cytoplasm, disassembling of the complex and hydrolysis of Ran-GTP to Ran-GDP (induced by RANBP1 and RANGAP1, respectively) cause release of the importin-alpha from the export receptor. CSE1L/XPO2 then return to the nuclear compartment and mediate another round of transport. The directionality of nuclear export is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus.,sim

Expression : Detected in brain, placenta, ovary, testis and trachea (at protein level) (PubMed:10331944). Widely expressed (PubMed:10331944). Highly expressed in testis and in proliferating cells (PubMed:7479798, PubMed:10331944).

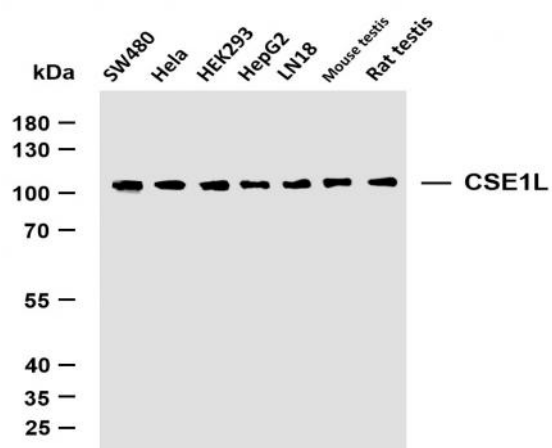
Sort : 3127

No4 : 1

Host : Mouse

Modifications : Unmodified

Products Images



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-CSE1L (PTR1397) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Mouse IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: SW480 Lane 2: HeLa Lane 3: HEK293 Lane 4: HepG2 Lane 5: LN18 Lane 6: Mouse testis Lane 7: Rat testis