

Histone H3 Monoclonal Antibody, AbFluor 350 Conjugated

Catalog No :	YM2081
Reactivity :	Zebrafish
Applications :	WB
Target :	Histone H3
Fields :	>>Neutrophil extracellular trap formation;>>Alcoholism;>>Shigellosis;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer;>>Systemic lupus erythematosus
Gene Name :	HIST1H3A/HIST1H3B/HIST1H3C/HIST1H3D/HIST1H3E/HIST1H3F/HIST1H3 G/HIST1H3H/HIST1H3I/HIST1H3J/HIST2H3A/HIST2H3C/HIST2H3D/H3F3A/H 3F3B
Protein Name :	Histone H3.1/Histone H3.2/Histone H3.3
Human Gene Id :	8350/8351/8352/8353/8354/8355/8356/8357/8358/8968
Human Swiss Prot	P68431/Q71DI3/P84243
No : Specificity :	Histone H3 Monoclonal Antibody AbFluor TM 350 Conjugated specially designed for your Immunofluorescence analysis.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02% sodium azide as preservative and 50% Glycerol.
Source :	Monoclonal, Mouse IgG1
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity- chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1mg/ml
Storage Stability :	Stable for one year at -15°C to -25°C from date of shipment. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the original vial after thawing and prior to removing the cap. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezi



Dest tools for immunology	Best Tools for Immunology Research		
Cell Pathway :	Systemic lupus erythematosus;		
Background :	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015],		
Function :	caution:Was originally (PubMed:2587222) thought to originate from mouse.,developmental stage:Expressed during S phase, then expression strongly decreases as cell division slows down during the process of differentiation.,function:Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.,mass spectrometry:Monoisotopic with N-acetylserine PubMed:16457589,miscellaneous:This histone is only present in mammals and is enriched in acetylation of Lys-15 and dimethylation of Lys-10 (H3K9me2).,PTM:Acetylation is generally I		
Subcellular Location :	Nucleus. Chromosome.		
Expression :	Blood,Epithelium,Kidney,Lung,Ovary,Spleen,Uterus,		
Sort :	7594		
No4 :			
Host :	Mouse		
Modifications :	Unmodified		
Conjugate :	AbFluor 350		

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