

TFIIH p89 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YM1106

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Bovine; Dog

Applications: WB

Target: TFIIH

Fields: >>Basal transcription factors;>>Nucleotide excision repair

Gene Name: ERCC3

Protein Name: TFIIH basal transcription factor complex helicase XPB subunit

Human Gene Id: 2071

Human Swiss Prot

P19447

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 13872

Mouse Swiss Prot

P49135

No:

Rat Gene Id: 291703

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q4G005

Immunogen: Purified recombinant human TFIIH p89 (C-terminus) protein fragments

expressed in E.coli.

Specificity: TFIIH p89 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of TFIIH p89 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution: WB 1:1000 - 1:2000. Not yet tested in other applications.

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Purification : Affinity purification

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 89kD

Cell Pathway: Nucleotide excision repair;

Background: This gene encodes an ATP-dependent DNA helicase that functions in nucleotide

excision repair. The encoded protein is a subunit of basal transcription factor 2 (TFIIH) and, therefore, also functions in class II transcription. Mutations in this gene are associated with Xeroderma pigmentosum B, Cockayne's syndrome, and trichothiodystrophy. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2014],

Function : disease:Defects in ERCC3 are a cause of trichothiodystrophy photosensitive

(TTDP) [MIM:601675]. TTDP is an autosomal recessive disease characterized by sulfur-deficient brittle hair and nails, ichthyosis, mental retardation, impaired sexual development, abnormal facies and cutaneous photosensitivity correlated with a nucleotide excision repair (NER) defect. Neonates with trichothiodystrophy and ichthyosis are usually born with a collodion membrane. The severity of the ichthyosis after the membrane is shed is variable, ranging from a mild to severe lamellar ichthyotic phenotype. There are no reports of skin cancer associated with TTDP., disease: Defects in ERCC3 are the cause of xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group B (XP-B) [MIM:610651]; also known as xeroderma pigmentosum II (XP2) or XP group B (XPB) or xeroderma pigmentosum group B

combined with Cockayne syndrome (XP-B/CS). Xeroder

Subcellular Location :

Nucleus.

Expression : Adipose tissue, Epithelium, Placenta,

Sort : 17069

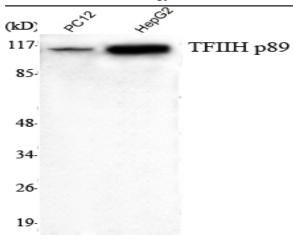
No4:

Host: Mouse

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images

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Western Blot analysis using TFIIH p89 Monoclonal Antibody against PC12, HepG2 cell lysate.