

**Axl Monoclonal Antibody**

<b>Catalog No :</b>	YM0055
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Applications :</b>	WB;IF;ELISA
<b>Target :</b>	Axl
<b>Fields :</b>	>>EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance
<b>Gene Name :</b>	AXL UFO
<b>Protein Name :</b>	Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor UFO
<b>Human Gene Id :</b>	558
<b>Human Swiss Prot No :</b>	P30530
<b>Mouse Swiss Prot No :</b>	Q00993
<b>Immunogen :</b>	Purified recombinant extracellular fragment of human Axl fused with hlgGfc tag expressed in HEK293 cell line.
<b>Specificity :</b>	Axl Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Axl protein.
<b>Formulation :</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source :</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse
<b>Dilution :</b>	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Purification :</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Storage Stability :</b>	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
<b>Observed Band :</b>	130kD

**P References :**

1. Br J Cancer. 2006 May 22;94(10):1446-51.
  2. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2006 Apr 11;103(15):5799-804.
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**Background :**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Tyro3-Axl-Mer (TAM) receptor tyrosine kinase subfamily. The encoded protein possesses an extracellular domain which is composed of two immunoglobulin-like motifs at the N-terminal, followed by two fibronectin type-III motifs. It transduces signals from the extracellular matrix into the cytoplasm by binding to the vitamin K-dependent protein growth arrest-specific 6 (Gas6). This gene may be involved in several cellular functions including growth, migration, aggregation and anti-inflammation in multiple cell types. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants of this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013],

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**Function :**

catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,disease:Has transforming potential in patients with chronic myeloproliferative disorder or chronic myelocytic leukemia.,function:May function as a signal transducer between specific cell types of mesodermal origin. In case of filovirus infection, seems to function as a cell entry factor.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. AXL/UFO subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 2 fibronectin type-III domains.,similarity:Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,subunit:Heterodimer and heterotetramer with GAS6.,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in metastatic colon tumors. Expressed in primary colon tumors. Weakly expressed in normal colon tissue.,

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**Subcellular Location :**

Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .

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**Expression :**

Highly expressed in metastatic colon tumors. Expressed in primary colon tumors. Weakly expressed in normal colon tissue.

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**Sort :**

2536

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**No4 :**

1

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**Host :**

Mouse

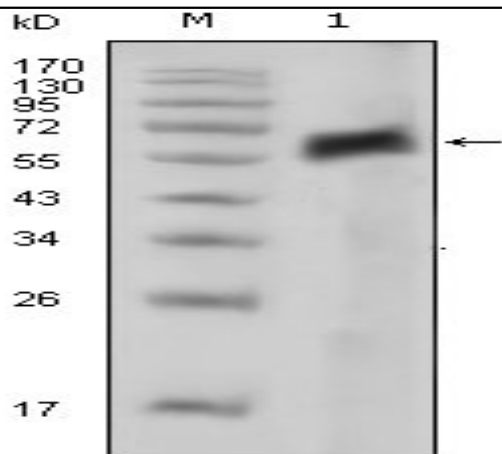
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**Modifications :**

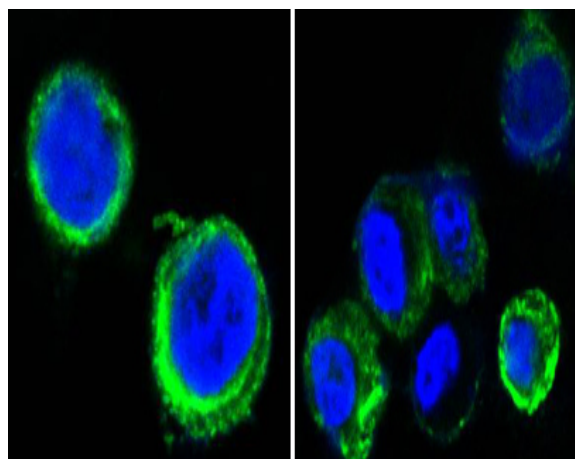
Unmodified

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## Products Images



Western Blot analysis using Axl Monoclonal Antibody against extracellular domain of human AXL (aa19-444).



Confocal immunofluorescence analysis of methanol-fixed HEK293 cells trasfected with AXL-hlgGfC using Axl Monoclonal Antibody (green), showing cytoplasmic and membrane localization. Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.