

CD33 (PN0402) Nb-FC recombinant antibody

Catalog No :	YA0303
Reactivity :	Human
Applications :	ELISA;FCM
Target :	CD33
Gene Name :	CD33 SIGLEC3
Protein Name :	Myeloid cell surface antigen CD33 (Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 3) (Siglec-3) (gp67) (CD antigen CD33)
Human Gene Id :	945
Human Swiss Prot No :	P20138
Immunogen :	Purified recombinant Human CD33
Specificity :	This recombinant monoclonal antibody can detects endogenous levels of CD33 protein.
Formulation :	Phosphate-buffered solution
Source :	Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain , recombinantly produced from 293F cell
Dilution :	ELISA 1:5000-100000 FCM 1-2µg/Test
Purification :	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
Concentration :	Please check the information on the tube
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)
Cell Pathway :	Hematopoietic cell lineage;
Background :	domain:Contains 2 copies of a cytoplasmic motif that is referred to as the

immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases. Putative adhesion molecule of myelomonocytic-derived cells that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. In the immune response, may act as an inhibitory receptor upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatase(s) via their SH2 domain(s) that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Induces apoptosis in acute myeloid leukemia (in vitro). online information: Siglec-3, PTM: Phosphorylation of Tyr-340 is involved in binding to PTPN6 and PTPN11. Phosphorylation of Tyr-358 is involved in binding to PTPN6. similarity: Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. SIGLEC (sialic acid binding Ig-like lectin) family. similarity: Contains 1 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain. similarity: Contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain. subunit: Interacts with PTPN6/SHP-1 and PTPN11/SHP-2 upon phosphorylation. tissue specificity: Monocytic/myeloid lineage cells.

Function :

domain: Contains 2 copies of a cytoplasmic motif that is referred to as the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases. Putative adhesion molecule of myelomonocytic-derived cells that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. In the immune response, may act as an inhibitory receptor upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatase(s) via their SH2 domain(s) that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Induces apoptosis in acute myeloid leukemia (in vitro). online information: Siglec-3, PTM: Ph

Subcellular Location :

[Isoform CD33M]: Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein.; [Isoform CD33m]: Peroxisome . CD33m isoform does not localize to cell surfaces but instead accumulates in peroxisomes. .

Expression :

Monocytic/myeloid lineage cells. In the brain, CD33 is mainly expressed on microglial cells.

Tag :

recombinant

Sort :

3554

No4 :

1

Speciality :

Nanobody

Products Images

