

gp130 (Phospho Tyr759) rabbit pAb

Catalog No :	YP1693
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB
Target :	CD130/gp130
Fields :	>>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>Viral protein interaction with cytokine and cytokine receptor;>>Signaling pathways regulating pluripotency of stem cells;>>JAK-STAT signaling pathway;>>Th17 cell differentiation;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection;>>Coronavirus disease - COVID-19;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Viral carcinogenesis
Gene Name :	IL6ST
Protein Name :	gp130 (Phospho-Tyr759)
Human Gene Id :	3572
Human Swiss Prot No :	P40189
Mouse Gene Id :	16195
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q00560
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P40190
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human gp130 (Phospho-Tyr759)
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of gp130 (Phospho-Tyr759) at Human, Mouse,Rat
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000

Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	101kD
Background :	<p>The protein encoded by this gene is a signal transducer shared by many cytokines, including interleukin 6 (IL6), ciliary neurotrophic factor (CNTF), leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF), and oncostatin M (OSM). This protein functions as a part of the cytokine receptor complex. The activation of this protein is dependent upon the binding of cytokines to their receptors. vIL6, a protein related to IL6 and encoded by the Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus, can bypass the interleukin 6 receptor (IL6R) and directly activate this protein. Knockout studies in mice suggest that this gene plays a critical role in regulating myocyte apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. A related pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 17. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014],</p>
Function :	<p>disease:Isoform 2 is an autoantigen found in rheumatoid arthritis (RA) but it is not specific to patients with RA.,domain:The box 1 motif is required for JAK interaction and/or activation.,domain:The WSXWS motif appears to be necessary for proper protein folding and thereby efficient intracellular transport and cell-surface receptor binding.,function:Signal-transducing molecule. The receptor systems for IL6, LIF, OSM, CNTF, IL11, CTF1 and BSF3 can utilize gp130 for initiating signal transmission. Binds to IL6/IL6R (alpha chain) complex, resulting in the formation of high-affinity IL6 binding sites, and transduces the signal. Does not bind IL6. May have a role in embryonic development (By similarity). The type I OSM receptor is capable of transducing OSM-specific signaling events.,induction:Leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) and Oncostatin-M (OSM) activate the type I OSM receptor while only</p>
Subcellular Location :	[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . ; [Isoform 2]: Secreted .
Expression :	Found in all the tissues and cell lines examined (PubMed:2261637). Expression not restricted to IL6 responsive cells (PubMed:2261637). ; [Isoform 2]: Expressed in blood serum (at protein level) (PubMed:24629561).
Sort :	25173
No4 :	1
Host :	Rabbit

Modifications : Phospho

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