

SQSTM1/p62 (Phospho Thr269/Ser272) rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YP1506

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC

Target: SQSTM1/p62

Fields: >>Mitophagy - animal;>>Autophagy - animal;>>Necroptosis;>>Cellular

senescence;>>Osteoclast differentiation;>>Amyotrophic lateral

sclerosis;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple

diseases;>>Shigellosis;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: SQSTM1 ORCA OSIL

Protein Name: SQSTM1/p62 (Thr269/Ser272)

Q13501

Q64337

Human Gene Id: 8878

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 18412

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 113894

Rat Swiss Prot No: 008623

Immunogen: Synthesized phosho peptide around human SQSTM1 (Thr269 and Ser272)

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human Mouse Rat SQSTM1/p62

(phospho-Thr269 or Ser272)

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

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Dilution: WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:50-300

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography

using specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 48kD

Observed Band: 60kD

Background : This gene encodes a multifunctional protein that binds ubiquitin and regulates

activation of the nuclear factor kappa-B (NF-kB) signaling pathway. The protein functions as a scaffolding/adaptor protein in concert with TNF receptor-associated factor 6 to mediate activation of NF-kB in response to upstream signals. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding either the same or different isoforms have been identified for this gene. Mutations in this gene result

in sporadic and familial Paget disease of bone. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009],

Function : disease:Defects in SQSTM1 are a cause of sporadic and familial Paget disease

of bone (PDB) [MIM:602080]. PDB is a metabolic bone disease affecting the axial skeleton and characterized by focal areas of increased and disorganized bone turn-over due to activated osteoclasts. Manifestations of the disease include bone pain, deformity, pathological fractures, deafness, neurological complications and increased risk of osteosarcoma. PDB is a chronic disease affecting 2 to 3% of the population above the age of 40 years.,domain:The OPR domain mediates homooligomerization and interactions with PRKCZ, PRKCI, MAP2K5 and NBR1.,domain:The UBA domain binds specifically 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin

chains of polyubiquitinated substrates. Mediates the interaction with TRIM55.,domain:The ZZ-type zinc finger mediates the interaction with RIPK1.,function:Adapter protein which binds ubiquitin and may regul

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Late endosome. Lysosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome. Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum. Nucleus, PML body.

Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere . In cardiac muscle, localizes to the sarcomeric

band (By similarity). Commonly found in inclusion bodies containing

polyubiquitinated protein aggregates. In neurodegenerative diseases, detected in Lewy bodies in Parkinson disease, neurofibrillary tangles in Alzheimer disease, and HTT aggregates in Huntington disease. In protein aggregate diseases of the liver, found in large amounts in Mallory bodies of alcoholic and nonalcoholic steatohepatitis, hyaline bodies in hepatocellular carcinoma, and in SERPINA1 aggregates. Enriched in Rosenthal fibers of pilocytic astrocytoma. In the

cytoplasm, observed in both membrane-free ubiqui

Expression: Ubiquitously expressed.



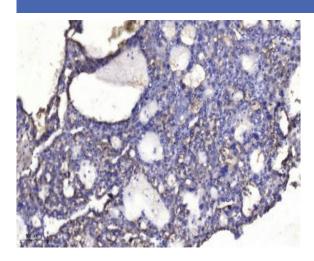
Sort : 16571

No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).

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