

## Trk A (Phospho Y496) Antibody

Catalog No :	YP1251
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IF;ELISA
Target :	Trk A
Fields :	>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Calcium signaling pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Apoptosis;>>Neurotrophin signaling pathway;>>Inflammatory mediator regulation of TRP channels;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer;>>Thyroid cancer;>>Central carbon metabolism in cancer
Gene Name :	NTRK1 MTC TRK TRKA
Protein Name :	Trk A (Phospho-Y496)
Human Gene Id :	4914
Human Swiss Prot	P04629
No : Immunogen :	Synthesized pospho peptide derived from human Trk A (Phospho-Y496)
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous pospho levels of human Trk A (Phospho-Y496)
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000; IF ICC 1:100-500; ELISA 1:5000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity- chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml



Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	180kD
Background :	This gene encodes a member of the neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor (NTKR) family. This kinase is a membrane-bound receptor that, upon neurotrophin binding, phosphorylates itself and members of the MAPK pathway. The presence of this kinase leads to cell differentiation and may play a role in specifying sensory neuron subtypes. Mutations in this gene have been associated with congenital insensitivity to pain, anhidrosis, self-mutilating behavior, mental retardation and cancer. Alternate transcriptional splice variants of this gene have been have been found, but only three have been characterized to date. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Function :	alternative products:Both isoforms have similar biological properties,catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,caution:The sequence shown here is derived from an Ensembl automatic analysis pipeline and should be considered as preliminary data.,disease:Chromosomal aberrations involving NTRK1 are a cause of thyroid papillary carcinoma (PACT) [MIM:188550]. Intrachromosomal rearrangement that links the protein kinase domain of NTRK1 to the 5'-end of the TPR gene forms the fusion protein TRK-T1. TRK-T1 is a 55 kDa protein reacting with antibodies against the C-terminus of the NTRK1 protein.,disease:Chromosomal aberrations involving NTRK1 are a cause of thyroid papillary carcinoma (PACT) [MIM:188550]. Translocation t(1;3)(q21;q11) with TFG generates the TRKT3 (TRK-T3) transcript by fusing TFG to the 3'-end of NTRK1; a rearrangement with TPM3 gen
Subcellular Location :	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Early endosome membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Late endosome membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Recycling endosome membrane ; Single- pass type I membrane protein . Rapidly internalized after NGF binding (PubMed:1281417). Internalized to endosomes upon binding of NGF or NTF3 and further transported to the cell body via a retrograde axonal transport. Localized at cell membrane and early endosomes before nerve growth factor (NGF) stimulation. Recruited to late endosomes after NGF stimulation. Colocalized with RAPGEF2 at late endosomes.
Expression :	Isoform TrkA-I is found in most non-neuronal tissues. Isoform TrkA-II is primarily expressed in neuronal cells. TrkA-III is specifically expressed by pluripotent neural stem and neural crest progenitors.
Tag :	orthogonal
Sort :	23563
No4 :	1



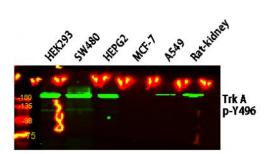
Host :

Rabbit

**Modifications :** 

Phospho

## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of various lysates, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000,  $4^{\circ}$  over night, secondary antibody(cat: RS23920)was diluted at 1:10000,  $37^{\circ}$  1hour.