

IKKγ (phospho Ser376) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP1043

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: IKKy

Fields: >>Antifolate resistance;>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling

pathway;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>NF-kappa B signaling pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Apoptosis;>>Osteoclast differentiation;>>Toll-like receptor signaling pathway;>>NOD-like receptor signaling pathway;>>Cytosolic DNA-sensing pathway;>>C-type lectin receptor signaling pathway;>>IL-17 signaling

pathway;>>Th1 and Th2 cell differentiation;>>Th17 cell differentiation;>>T cell receptor signaling pathway;>>B cell receptor signaling pathway;>>TNF signaling

pathway;>>Adipocytokine signaling pathway;>>Alcoholic liver

disease;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;>>Shigellosis;>>Salmonella infection;>>Yersinia infection;>>Chagas disease;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>Hepatitis C;>>Hepatitis B;>>Measles;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Influenza

A;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Human T-cell leukemia viru

Gene Name: IKBKG

Protein Name: NF-kappa-B essential modulator

Human Gene Id: 8517

Human Swiss Prot Q9Y6K9

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot 088522

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

IKK-gamma around the phosphorylation site of Ser376. AA range:342-391

Specificity: Phospho-IKKγ (S376) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IKKγ

protein only when phosphorylated at S376.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

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Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, lgG

Dilution: IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 48kD

Cell Pathway: MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;Chemokine;Apoptosis_Inhibition;Apopt

osis Mitochondrial; Apoptosis Overview; Toll Like; NOD-like receptor; RIG-I-like

receptor;Cytosolic DNA-sensing pathway;T Cell Receptor;B

Background : This gene encodes the regulatory subunit of the inhibitor of kappaB kinase (IKK)

complex, which activates NF-kappaB resulting in activation of genes involved in inflammation, immunity, cell survival, and other pathways. Mutations in this gene result in incontinentia pigmenti, hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia, and several other types of immunodeficiencies. A pseudogene highly similar to this locus is located in an adjacent region of the X chromosome. [provided by RefSeq, Mar

2016],

Function: caution: The sequence shown here is derived from an Ensembl automatic

analysis pipeline and should be considered as preliminary data.,disease:Defects

in IKBKG are a cause of immunodeficiency without anhidrotic ectodermal dysplasia [MIM:300584]; also called isolated immunodeficiency or pure

immunodeficiency. Patients manifest immunodeficiency not associated with other abnormalities, and resulting in increased infection susceptibility. Patients suffer from multiple episodes of infectious diseases., disease: Defects in IKBKG are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic with immunodeficiency X-linked

(EDAXID) [MIM:300291]; also known as hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia with immunodeficiency (HED-ID). Ectodermal dysplasia defines a heterogeneous group of disorders due to abnormal development of two or more ectodermal

structures. EDAXID is characterized by absence of sweat glands, sparse sca

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Sumoylated NEMO accumulates in the nucleus in

response to genotoxic stress. .

Expression : Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas.

Sort : 8406

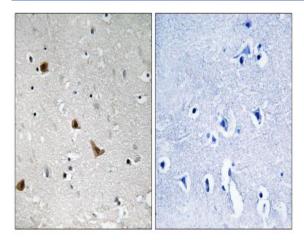
No2: 2689S



Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

Products Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using IKK-gamma (Phospho-Ser376) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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