

p47-phox (phospho Ser359) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0944

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: p47-phox

Fields: >>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>Phagosome;>>Osteoclast

differentiation;>>Neutrophil extracellular trap formation;>>Fc gamma R-mediated

phagocytosis;>>Leukocyte transendothelial migration;>>Prion

disease;>>Leishmaniasis;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen

species;>>Diabetic cardiomyopathy;>>Lipid and atherosclerosis;>>Fluid shear

stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: NCF1

Protein Name: Neutrophil cytosol factor 1

P14598

Q09014

Human Gene Id: 653361

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

p47 phox around the phosphorylation site of Ser359. AA range:331-380

Specificity: Phospho-p47-phox (S359) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

p47-phox protein only when phosphorylated at S359.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:5000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-



Purification: chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 45kD

Cell Pathway: Chemokine;Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;Leukocyte transendothelial

migration;

orthogonal

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a 47 kDa cytosolic subunit of neutrophil

NADPH oxidase. This oxidase is a multicomponent enzyme that is activated to produce superoxide anion. Mutations in this gene have been associated with

chronic granulomatous disease. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: disease:Defects in NCF1 are the cause of chronic granulomatous disease

autosomal recessive cytochrome-b-positive type 1 (CGD1) [MIM:233700]. Chronic granulomatous disease is a genetically heterogeneous disorder

characterized by the inability of neutrophils and phagocytes to kill microbes that

they have ingested. Patients suffer from life-threatening bacterial/fungal

infections.,function:NCF2, NCF1, and a membrane bound cytochrome b558 are required for activation of the latent NADPH oxidase (necessary for superoxide production).,online information:NCF1 deficiency database,similarity:Contains 1

PX (phox homology) domain., similarity: Contains 2 SH3

domains., subunit: Interacts with NOXA1.,

Subcellular Cytoplasm, cytosol . Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic

Location: side.

Tag:

Expression: Detected in peripheral blood monocytes and neutrophils (at protein level).

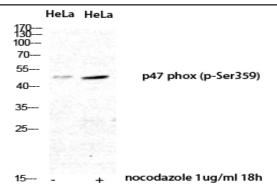
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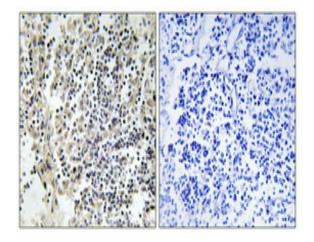
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

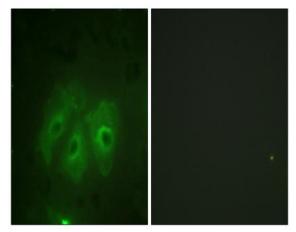
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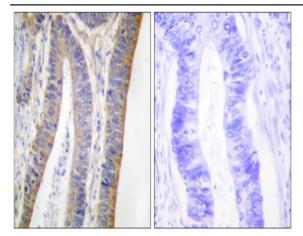
Western Blot analysis of HeLa nocodazole 1ug/ml 18h cells using Phospho-p47-phox (S359) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



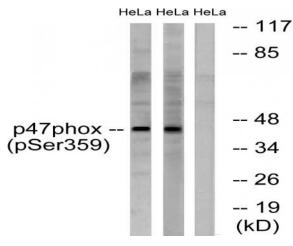
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was preabsorbed by immunogen peptide.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using p47 phox (Phospho-Ser359) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma, using p47 phox (Phospho-Ser359) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with nocodazole 1ug/ml 18h, using p47 phox (Phospho-Ser359) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.