

Calmodulin-1 (phospho Thr80/S82) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0912

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Calmodulin-1

Gene Name: CALM1

Protein Name: Calmodulin-1

Human Gene Id: 801/805/808

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 12313

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 24242

Rat Swiss Prot No: P0DP29

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Calmodulin-1 around the phosphorylation site of Thr79 and Ser81. AA

range:46-95

P0DP23

P0DP26

Specificity: Phospho-Calmodulin (T80/S82) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels

of Calmodulin protein only when phosphorylated at T80/S82.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, lgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:5000. Not

yet tested in other applications.



Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 17kD

Cell Pathway: Calcium;Phosphatidylinositol signaling system;Oocyte meiosis;Vascular smooth

muscle contraction;Long-term potentiation;Neurotrophin;Olfactory transduction;Insulin Receptor;GnRH;Melanogenesis;Alzheimer

Background: This gene encodes a member of the EF-hand calcium-binding protein family. It is

one of three genes which encode an identical calcium binding protein which is one of the four subunits of phosphorylase kinase. Two pseudogenes have been identified on chromosome 7 and X. Multiple transcript variants encoding different

isoforms have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009],

Function: function:Calmodulin mediates the control of a large number of enzymes and

other proteins by Ca(2+). Among the enzymes to be stimulated by the calmodulin-Ca(2+) complex are a number of protein kinases and phosphatases. Together with CEP110 and centrin, is involved in a genetic pathway that regulates the centrosome cycle and progression through cytokinesis.,miscellaneous:This protein has four functional calcium-binding sites.,PTM:Phosphorylation results in

a decreased activity.,PTM:Ubiquitination results in a strongly decreased

activity.,similarity:Belongs to the calmodulin family.,similarity:Contains 4 EF-hand domains.,subcellular location:Distributed throughout the cell during interphase, but during mitosis becomes dramatically localized to the spindle poles and the spindle microtubules.,subunit:Interacts with MYO1C (By similarity). Interacts with

CEP97, CEP110, TTN/titin and SRY.,

Subcellular spindle pole,extracellular

Location: region, nucleus, nucleoplasm, cytoplasm, centrosome, cytosol, spindle

microtubule, plasma membrane, voltage-gated potassium channel

complex,sarcomere,growth cone,vesicle,calcium channel complex,G

Expression : Blood, Brain, Cajal-Retzius cell, Fetal brain

cortex,Lung,Lymph,Lymphoma,Muscle,Osteosarcoma,P

Tag: orthogonal

Sort : ___3061

No4: 1

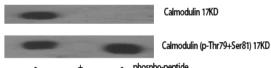


Rabbit Host:

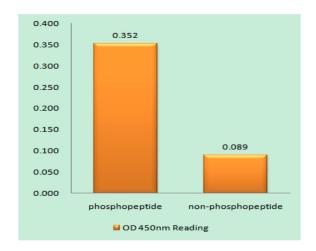
Modifications: Phospho

Products Images

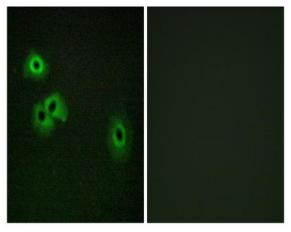
Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Calmodulin (T80/S82) Polyclonal Antibody



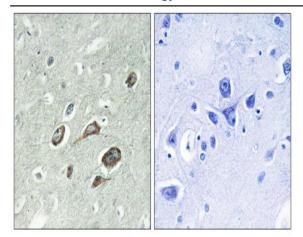
- phospho-peptide
- non-phospho-peptide
- + Jurkat Insulin 0.01U/ml 15'



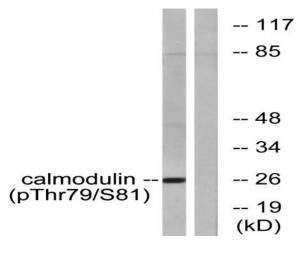
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Calmodulin (Phospho-Thr79+Ser81) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using Calmodulin (Phospho-Thr79+Ser81) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using Calmodulin (Phospho-Thr79+Ser81) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells treated with Insulin 0.01U/ml 15', using Calmodulin (Phospho-Thr79+Ser81) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.