

Smad1 (phospho Ser187) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0744

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Monkey

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Smad1

Fields: >>TGF-beta signaling pathway;>>Hippo signaling pathway;>>Signaling

pathways regulating pluripotency of stem cells:>>Transcriptional misregulation in

cancer

Q15797

P70340

Gene Name: SMAD1

Protein Name: Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 1

Human Gene Id: 4086

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 17125

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Smad1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser187. AA range:153-202

Specificity: Phospho-Smad1 (S187) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

Smad1 protein only when phosphorylated at S187.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

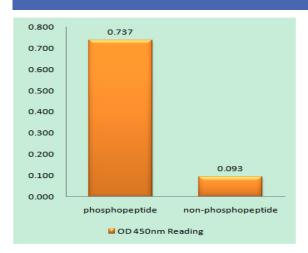
chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability:** Observed Band: 60kD TGF-beta; **Cell Pathway:** The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins **Background:** similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene & apos; mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signals of the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. In response to BMP ligands, this protein can be phosphorylated and activated by the BMP receptor kinase. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is a target for SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1 and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasome-med **Function:** function: Transcriptional modulator activated by BMP (bone morphogenetic proteins) type 1 receptor kinase. SMAD1 is a receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD).,PTM:Phosphorylated on serine by BMP type 1 receptor kinase.,PTM:Ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis by SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligase SMURF1., similarity: Belongs to the dwarfin/SMAD family., similarity: Contains 1 MH1 (MAD homology 1) domain., similarity: Contains 1 MH2 (MAD homology 2) domain., subcellular location: Cytoplasmic in the absence of ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4..subunit:Interacts with HGS, NANOG and ZCCHC12 (By similarity). May form trimers with another SMAD1 and the co-SMAD SMAD4. Interacts with PEBP2-alpha subunit, CREB-binding protein (CBP), p300, SMURF1, SMURF2 and HOXC8. Associates with ZNF423 or ZNF521 in response to BMP2 leading to activate transcription of BMP target genes. Interacts with LBXCOR1., Subcellular Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasmic in the absence of ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 (PubMed:15647271). Co-localizes with Location: LEMD3 at the nucleus inner membrane (PubMed:15647271). Exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm when dephosphorylated (By similarity). . Ubiquitous. Highest expression seen in the heart and skeletal muscle. **Expression:** Sort: 16384 No4:

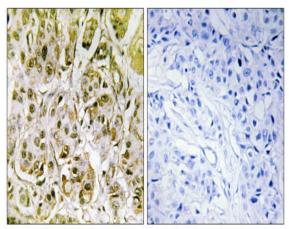
Rabbit

Mostifications: Phospho

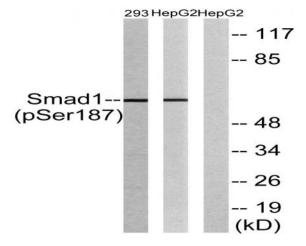
Products Images



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells and HepG2 cells, using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.