

## p130 Cas (phospho Tyr249) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0698

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: p130 Cas

**Fields:** >>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>Focal

adhesion;>>Leukocyte transendothelial migration;>>Regulation of actin cytoskeleton;>>Growth hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells;>>Shigellosis;>>Yersinia infection;>>Human

cytomegalovirus infection

Gene Name: BCAR1

**Protein Name:** Breast cancer anti-estrogen resistance protein 1

Q61140

Human Gene Id: 9564

**Human Swiss Prot** P56945

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12927

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Rat Gene ld: 25414

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q63767

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

p130 Cas around the phosphorylation site of Tyr249. AA range:215-264

**Specificity:** Phospho-p130 Cas (Y249) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

p130 Cas protein only when phosphorylated at Y249.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

1/4



Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG Source:

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) Storage Stability:

Observed Band: 130kD

Chemokine; Focal adhesion; Leukocyte transendothelial migration; Regulates **Cell Pathway:** 

Actin and Cytoskeleton;

Background: BCAR1, or CAS, is an Src (MIM 190090) family kinase substrate involved in

various cellular events, including migration, survival, transformation, and invasion

(Sawada et al., 2006 [PubMed 17129785]).[supplied by OMIM, May 2009],

**Function:** domain: A serine-rich region promotes activation of the serum response element

> (SRE).,domain:Contains a central domain (substrate domain) containing multiple potential SH2-binding sites and a C-terminal domain containing a divergent helixloop-helix (HLH) motif. The SH2-binding sites putatively bind CRK, NCK and ABL

SH2 domains. The HLH motif is absolutely required for the induction of pseudohyphal growth in yeast and mediates heterodimerization with

CASL., domain: The SH3 domain is necessary for the localization of the protein to focal adhesions and interacts with one proline-rich region of focal adhesion kinase 1., function: Docking protein which plays a central coordinating role for tyrosinekinase-based signaling related to cell adhesion. Implicated in induction of cell

migration. Overexpression confers antiestrogen resistance on breast cancer

cells.,PTM:Focal adhesion kinase 1 phosphoryl

Subcellular Cell junction, focal adhesion. Cytoplasm. Cell projection, axon. Location:

Unphosphorylated form localizes in the cytoplasm (By similarity). Localizes to

focal adhesion sites following integrin engagement (By similarity)...

**Expression:** Widely expressed with an abundant expression in the testis. Low level of

expression seen in the liver, thymus, and peripheral blood leukocytes. The protein

has been detected in a B-cell line.

orthogonal, hot Tag:

Sort: 11357



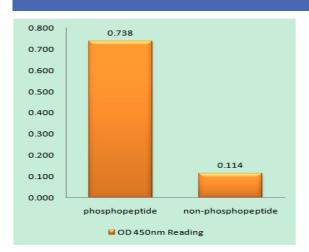
No2: 4014S

**No4:** 1

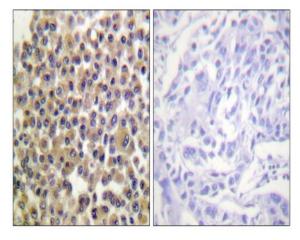
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

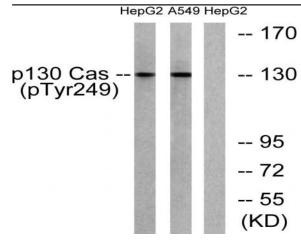
## **Products Images**



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using p130 Cas (Phospho-Tyr249) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using p130 Cas (Phospho-Tyr249) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 30' and A549 cells treated with PMA 125ng/ml 30', using p130 Cas (Phospho-Tyr249) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.