

FGF Receptor 1 (phospho Tyr766) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YP0650
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Target :	FGF Receptor 1
Fields :	>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Calcium signaling pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Adherens junction;>>Signaling pathways regulating pluripotency of stem cells;>>Thermogenesis;>>Regulation of actin cytoskeleton;>>Parathyroid hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Proteoglycans in cancer;>>Prostate cancer;>>Melanoma;>>Breast cancer;>>Central carbon metabolism in cancer
Gene Name :	FGFR1 BFGFR CEK FGFBR FLG FLT2 HBGFR
Protein Name :	Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1
Human Gene Id :	2260
Human Swiss Prot	P11362
No : Mouse Gene Id :	14182
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	P16092
Rat Gene Id :	79114
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q04589
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human FGFR1 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr766. AA range:736-785
Specificity :	Phospho-Flg (Y766) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Flg protein only when phosphorylated at Y766.
	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

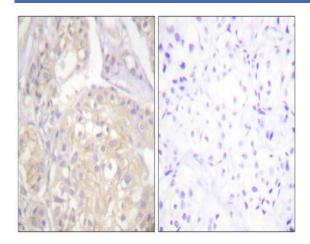


Best Tools for immunology Research		
Soundation :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG	
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000 IF 1:50-200	
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity- chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.	
Concentration :	1 mg/ml	
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)	
Molecularweight :	120kD	
Observed Band :	full length 120-140kD,FOP-FGFR1 90kD	
Cell Pathway :	MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;Adherens_Junction;Regulates Actin and Cytoskeleton;Pathways in cancer;Prostate cancer;Melanoma;	
Background :	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Pfeiffer syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome,	
Function :	catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving FGFR1 may be a cause of stem cell leukemia lymphoma syndrome (SCLL). Translocation t(8;13)(p11;q12) with ZMYM2. SCLL usually presents as lymphoblastic lymphoma in association with a myeloproliferative disorder, often accompanied by pronounced peripheral eosinophilia and/or prominent eosinophilic infiltrates in the affected bone marrow.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving FGFR1 may be a cause of stem cell myeloproliferative disorder (MPD). Translocation t(6;8)(q27;p11) with FGFR1OP. Insertion ins(12;8)(p11;p11p22) with FGFR1OP2. MPD is characterized by myeloid hyperplasia, eosinophilia and T- cell or B-cell lymphoblastic lymphoma. In general it progresses to acute myeloid leukemia. The fusion proteins FGFR1OP2-FGFR1, FGFR1OP-FGFR1 or FGFR1-FGFR1OP may	
Subcellular	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasmic vesicle. After ligand binding, both receptor and ligand are	



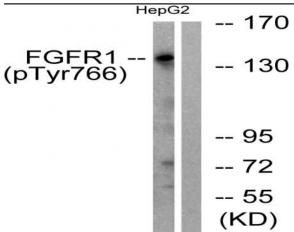
Location :	rapidly internalized. Can translocate to the nucleus after internalization, or by translocation from the endoplasmic reticulum or Golgi apparatus to the cytosol, and from there to the nucleus.
Expression :	Detected in astrocytoma, neuroblastoma and adrenal cortex cell lines. Some isoforms are detected in foreskin fibroblast cell lines, however isoform 17, isoform 18 and isoform 19 are not detected in these cells.
Tag :	orthogonal
Sort :	6155
No2 :	2544S
No4 :	1
Host :	Rabbit
Modifications :	Phospho

Products Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using FGFR1 (Phospho-Tyr766) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.





Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 30', using FGFR1 (Phospho-Tyr766) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.