

Bcl-6 (phospho Ser333) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0460

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: Bcl-6

Fields: >>FoxO signaling pathway;>>Transcriptional misregulation in

cancer;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - receptor activation

Gene Name: BCL6

Protein Name: B-cell lymphoma 6 protein

P41182

P41183

Human Gene Id: 604

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12053

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Bcl-6 around the phosphorylation site of Ser333. AA range:299-348

Specificity: Phospho-Bcl-6 (S333) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Bcl-6

protein only when phosphorylated at S333.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 79kD

Cell Pathway: B_Cell_Antigen

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a zinc finger transcription factor and

contains an N-terminal POZ domain. This protein acts as a sequence-specific repressor of transcription, and has been shown to modulate the transcription of STAT-dependent IL-4 responses of B cells. This protein can interact with a variety of POZ-containing proteins that function as transcription corepressors. This gene is found to be frequently translocated and hypermutated in diffuse large-cell lymphoma (DLCL), and may be involved in the pathogenesis of DLCL. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different protein isoforms have

been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015],

Function: disease:A chromosomal aberration involving BCL6 may be a cause of a form of

B-cell leukemia. Translocation t(3;11)(q27;q23) with POU2AF1/OBF1.,disease:A

chromosomal aberration involving BCL6 may be a cause of lymphoma. Translocation t(3;4)(q27;p11) with ARHH/TTF.,disease:Chromosomal

aberrations involving BCL6 may be a cause of B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma.

 $Translocation\ t (3;14) (q27;q32);\ translocation\ t (3;22) (q27;q11)\ with$

immunoglobulin gene regions.,function:Transcriptional repressor which is required for germinal center formation and antibody affinity maturation. Probably plays an important role in lymphomagenesis.,induction:Down-regulated during maturation of dendritic cells by selective stimuli such as LPS, CD40L and zymosan.,PTM:Phosphorylated by MAPK1 in response to antigen receptor activation. Phosphorylation induces its degradation by ubiquitin/proteasome

pathway.,similarity:Cont

Subcellular Location :

Nucleus.

Expression: Expressed in germinal center T- and B-cells and in primary immature dendritic

cells.

Tag: orthogonal,hot

Sort: 2623

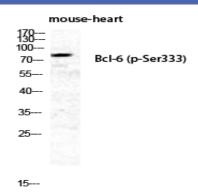
No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

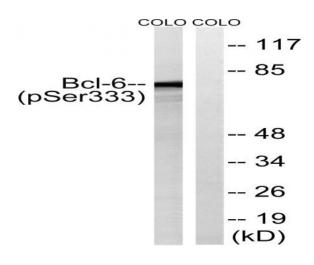
Modifications : Phospho



Products Images



Western Blot analysis of MOUSE-HEART cells using Phospho-Bcl-6 (S333) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).



Western blot analysis of lysates from COLO205 cells treated with insulin 0.01U/ml 15', using Bcl-6 (Phospho-Ser333) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.