

p47-phox (phospho Ser304) Polyclonal Antibody

YP0204 Catalog No:

Reactivity: Human; Monkey

WB;IHC;IF;ELISA **Applications:**

Target: p47-phox

Fields: >>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>Phagosome;>>Osteoclast

differentiation:>>Neutrophil extracellular trap formation:>>Fc gamma R-mediated

phagocytosis;>>Leukocyte transendothelial migration;>>Prion

disease;>>Leishmaniasis;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen

species;>>Diabetic cardiomyopathy;>>Lipid and atherosclerosis;>>Fluid shear

stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: NCF1

Protein Name: Neutrophil cytosol factor 1

Human Gene Id: 653361

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Immunogen:

Neutrophil Cytosol Factor 1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser304. AA

range:281-330

P14598

Q09014

Specificity: Phospho-p47-phox (S304) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

p47-phox protein only when phosphorylated at S304.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG Source:

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-



Purification: chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 44kD

Cell Pathway: Chemokine;Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;Leukocyte transendothelial

migration;

orthogonal

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a 47 kDa cytosolic subunit of neutrophil

NADPH oxidase. This oxidase is a multicomponent enzyme that is activated to produce superoxide anion. Mutations in this gene have been associated with

chronic granulomatous disease. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: disease:Defects in NCF1 are the cause of chronic granulomatous disease

autosomal recessive cytochrome-b-positive type 1 (CGD1) [MIM:233700]. Chronic granulomatous disease is a genetically heterogeneous disorder

characterized by the inability of neutrophils and phagocytes to kill microbes that

they have ingested. Patients suffer from life-threatening bacterial/fungal

infections.,function:NCF2, NCF1, and a membrane bound cytochrome b558 are required for activation of the latent NADPH oxidase (necessary for superoxide production).,online information:NCF1 deficiency database,similarity:Contains 1

PX (phox homology) domain., similarity: Contains 2 SH3

domains., subunit: Interacts with NOXA1.,

Subcellular Cytoplasm, cytosol . Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic

Location: side.

Tag:

Expression : Detected in peripheral blood monocytes and neutrophils (at protein level).

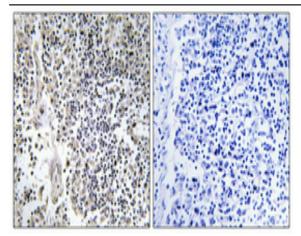
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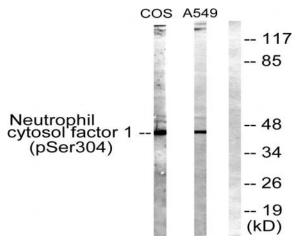
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was preabsorbed by immunogen peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells treated with UV 15' and A549 cells, using Neutrophil Cytosol Factor 1 (Phospho-Ser304) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.