

HDAC4 (phospho Ser632) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0125

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: HDAC4

Fields: >>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Neutrophil extracellular trap

formation;>>Alcoholism;>>Viral carcinogenesis;>>MicroRNAs in cancer

Gene Name: HDAC4

Protein Name: Histone deacetylase 4

P56524

Q6NZM9

Human Gene Id: 9759

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 208727

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 363287

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q99P99

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

HDAC4 around the phosphorylation site of Ser632. AA range:598-647

Specificity: Phospho-HDAC4 (S632) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

HDAC4 protein only when phosphorylated at S632.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, lgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

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Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 119kD

Cell Pathway: Protein_Acetylation

Background: Histones play a critical role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression,

and developmental events. Histone acetylation/deacetylation alters chromosome structure and affects transcription factor access to DNA. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to class II of the histone deacetylase/acuc/apha family. It possesses histone deacetylase activity and represses transcription when tethered

to a promoter. This protein does not bind DNA directly, but through transcription factors MEF2C and MEF2D. It seems to interact in a multiprotein complex with

RbAp48 and HDAC3. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: catalytic activity:Hydrolysis of an N(6)-acetyl-lysine residue of a histone to yield a

deacetylated histone.,domain:The nuclear export sequence mediates the shuttling

between the nucleus and the cytoplasm.,function:Responsible for the

deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Involved in muscle maturation via its interaction with the

myocyte enhancer factors such as MEF2A, MEF2C and

MEF2D.,PTM:Phosphorylated by CaMK4 at Ser-246, Ser-467 and Ser-632.

Phosphorylation at other residues is required for the interaction with

14-3-3.,PTM:Sumoylation on Lys-559 is promoted by the E3 SUMO-protein lig

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Upon muscle cells differentiation, it accumulates in the nuclei of myotubes, suggesting a

positive role of nuclear HDAC4 in muscle differentiation. The export to cytoplasm depends on the interaction with a 14-3-3 chaperone protein and is due to its phosphorylation at Ser-246, Ser-467 and Ser-632 by CaMK4 and SIK1. The nuclear localization probably depends on sumoylation. Interaction with SIK3 leads

to HDAC4 retention in the cytoplasm (By similarity). .

Expression: Ubiquitous.

Tag: orthogonal,hot

Sort : 7287

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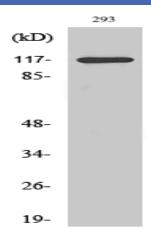
	3424S	
NIAO -	3434C	
MAZ:	3474.5	
No2:	07270	

No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Phospho

Products Images

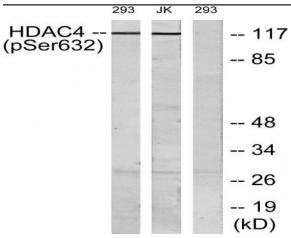


Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-HDAC4 (S632) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000

35---25---

15---

Western blot analysis of HELA SH-SY5Y 3T3 lysis using Phospho-HDAC4 (S632) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells treated with etoposide 25uM 1hour and Jurkat cells treated with etoposide 25uM 24hours, using HDAC4 (Phospho-Ser632) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.