

H2A2B rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YT7569

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB

Target: H2A2B

Fields: >>Necroptosis;>>Neutrophil extracellular trap

Q8IUE6

Q64522

formation;>>Alcoholism;>>Systemic lupus erythematosus

Gene Name: HIST2H2AB

Protein Name: H2A2B

Human Gene Id: 317772

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 621893

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human H2A2B AA range: 15-65

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of H2A2B at Human/Mouse

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1 ? 500-2000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 14kD

Background: Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome

structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H2A family. Transcripts from this gene contain a palindromic

termination element. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015],

Function: function:Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA

into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require

DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA

accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.,PTM:Deiminated

on Arg-4 in granulocytes upon calcium entry.,PTM:Monoubiquitination of Lys-120

by RING1 and RNF2/RING2 complex gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression and participates in X chromosome inactivation of female mammals. It is involved in the initiation of both imprinted and random X

remale mammals. It is involved in the initiation of both imprinted and random X inactivation. Ubiquitinated H2A is enriched in inactive X chromosome chromatin.

Ubiquitination of H2A functions downstream of methylat

Nucleus. Chromosome.

Subcellular

Location:

Sort : 7212

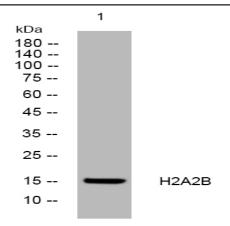
No4:

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images

2/3



Western blot analysis of lysates from DU145 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night