

BBS7 rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YT7045

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB

Target: BBS7

Gene Name: BBS7 BBS2L1

Q8IWZ6

Q8K2G4

Protein Name: BBS7

Human Gene Id: 55212

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 71492

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human BBS7 AA range: 85-135

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of BBS7 at Human/Mouse

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1 ?500-2000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

1/3



Molecularweight: 79kD

Background:

This gene encodes one of eight proteins that form the BBSome complex containing BBS1, BBS2, BBS4, BBS5, BBS7, BBS8, BBS9 and BBIP10. The BBSome complex is believed to recruit Rab8(GTP) to the primary cilium and promote ciliogenesis. The BBSome complex assembly is mediated by a complex composed of three chaperonin-like BBS proteins (BBS6, BBS10, and BBS12) and CCT/TRiC family chaperonins. Mutations in this gene are implicated in Bardet-Biedl syndrome, a genetic disorder whose symptoms include obesity, retinal degeneration, polydactyly and nephropathy; however, mutations in this gene and the BBS8 gene are thought to play a minor role and mutations in chaperonin-like BBS genes are found to be a major contributor to disease development in a multiethnic Bardet-Biedl syndrome patient population. Two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Oct 2014],

Function:

disease:Defects in BBS7 are a cause of Bardet-Biedl syndrome type 7 (BBS7) [MIM:209900]. Bardet-Biedl syndrome (BBS) is a genetically heterogeneous disorder characterized by usually severe pigmentary retinopathy, early onset obesity, polydactyly, hypogenitalism, renal malformation and mental retardation. Secondary features include diabetes mellitus, hypertension and congenital heart disease. A relatively high incidence of BBS is found in the mixed Arab populations of Kuwait and in Bedouin tribes throughout the Middle East, most likely due to the high rate of consaguinity in these populations and a founder effect. Inheritance is autosomal recessive, but three mutated alleles (two at one locus, and a third at a second locus) may be required for disease manifestation in some cases (triallelic inheritance).,function:The BBSome complex is required for ciliogenesis but is dispensable for centr

Subcellular Location : Cell projection, cilium membrane . Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome, centriolar satellite . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body .

Expression:

Isoform 2 is ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 1 is expressed in retina, lung, liver, testis, ovary, prostate, small intestine, liver, brain, heart and pancreas.

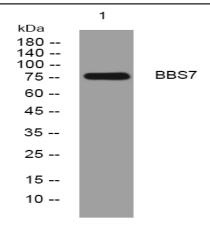
Sort: 2600

No4:

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from CACO2 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night