

PDE11 rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YT6919

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA;IHC

Target: PDE11

Fields: >>Purine metabolism;>>Metabolic pathways;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Morphine

addiction

Q9HCR9

P0C1Q2

Gene Name: PDE11A

Protein Name: PDE11

Human Gene Id: 50940

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 241489

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 140928

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q8VID6

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human PDE11 AA range: 421-471

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of PDE11 at Human/Mouse/Rat

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:50-300; ELISA 2000-20000

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Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 103kD

Background: The 3',5'-cyclic nucleotides cAMP and cGMP function as second

messengers in a wide variety of signal transduction pathways.

3',5'-cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterases (PDEs) catalyze the hydrolysis of cAMP and cGMP to the corresponding 5'-monophosphates and provide a mechanism to downregulate cAMP and cGMP signaling. This gene encodes a member of the PDE protein superfamily. Mutations in this gene are a cause of Cushing disease and adrenocortical hyperplasia. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function : catalytic activity:Adenosine 3',5'-cyclic phosphate + H(2)O = adenosine

5'-phosphate.,catalytic activity:Guanosine 3',5'-cyclic phosphate + H(2)O = guanosine 5'-phosphate.,cofactor:Divalent cations.,disease:Defects in PDE11A are the cause of primary pigmented nodular adrenocortical disease type 2 (PPNAD2) [MIM:610475]. Primary pigmented nodular adrenocortical disease is a rare bilateral adrenal defect causing ACTH-independent Cushing syndrome. PPNAD2 is characterized by adrenal glands with overall normal size and weight, and multiple small yellow-to-dark brown nodules surrounded by a cortex with a uniform appearance. Microscopically, there are moderate diffuse cortical hyperplasia with mostly nonpigmented nodules, multiple capsular deficits and massive circumscribed and infiltrating extra-adrenal cortical excrescences with

micronodules. PPNAD2 leads to Cushing syndrome.,domain:The tandem

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm, cytosol.

Expression: Isoform 1 is present in prostate, pituitary, heart and liver. It is however not

present in testis nor in penis, suggesting that weak inhibition by Tadalafil (Cialis) is not relevant (at protein level). Isoform 2 may be expressed in testis. Isoform 4 is

expressed in adrenal cortex.

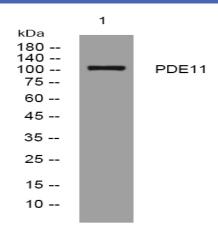
Sort : 11740

No4: 1

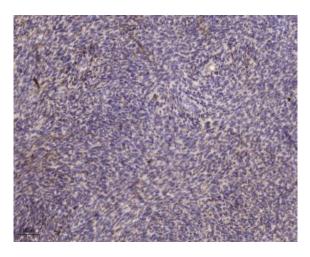
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from HCT116 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human uterus. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).