

## P4HA3 rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YT6617

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB

Target: P4HA3

**Fields:** >>Arginine and proline metabolism;>>Metabolic pathways

Gene Name: P4HA3 UNQ711/PRO1374

**Q7Z4N8** 

Q6W3F0

Protein Name: P4HA3

Human Gene Id: 283208

**Human Swiss Prot** 

Ma.

No:

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Rat Gene Id:** 361612

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q6W3E9

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human P4HA3 AA range: 211-261

**Specificity:** This antibody detects endogenous levels of P4HA3 at Human/Mouse/Rat

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1 ? 500-2000

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



**Concentration**: 1 mg/ml

**Storage Stability:** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 60kD

**Background:** This gene encodes a component of prolyl 4-hydroxylase, a key enzyme in

collagen synthesis composed of two identical alpha subunits and two beta subunits. The encoded protein is one of several different types of alpha subunits and provides the major part of the catalytic site of the active enzyme. In collagen

and related proteins, prolyl 4-hydroxylase catalyzes the formation of

4-hydroxyproline that is essential to the proper three-dimensional folding of newly synthesized procollagen chains. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript

variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2014],

Function: catalytic activity:Procollagen L-proline + 2-oxoglutarate + O(2) = procollagen

trans-4-hydroxy-L-proline + succinate +

CO(2).,cofactor:Ascorbate.,cofactor:Binds 1 Fe(2+) ion per

subunit., function: Catalyzes the post-translational formation of 4-hydroxyproline in -Xaa-Pro-Gly- sequences in collagens and other proteins., PTM: N-glycosylation

plays no role in the catalytic activity., similarity: Belongs to the P4HA

family.,similarity:Contains 1 PKHD (prolyl/lysyl hydroxylase)

domain.,similarity:Contains 1 TPR repeat.,subunit:Heterotetramer of two alpha-3 chains and two beta chains (the beta chain is the multi-functional PDI).,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in placenta, liver and fetal skin. Weakly expressed in

fetal epiphyseal cartilage, fetal liver, fibroblast, lung and skeletal muscle.

Expressed also in fibrous cap of carotid atherosclerotic lesions.,

Subcellular Location:

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen .

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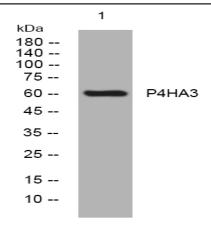
**Sort**: 11433

**No4**: 1

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from HuvEc cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night