

Keratin 5 Polyclonal Antibody

YT6138 Catalog No:

Human; Mouse; Rat Reactivity:

Applications: WB;IHC

Target: Cytokeratin 5

Gene Name: KRT5

Protein Name: Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 5 (58 kDa cytokeratin) (Cytokeratin-5) (CK-5)

(Keratin-5) (K5) (Type-II keratin Kb5)

Human Gene Id: 3852

Human Swiss Prot

P13647

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 110308

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 369017

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q6P6Q2

Synthesized peptide derived from human Keratin 5 Polyclonal Immunogen:

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of Keratin 5.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:50-300

Q922U2

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 62kD

Background: keratin 5(KRT5) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a member

of the keratin gene family. The type II cytokeratins consist of basic or neutral proteins which are arranged in pairs of heterotypic keratin chains coexpressed during differentiation of simple and stratified epithelial tissues. This type II cytokeratin is specifically expressed in the basal layer of the epidermis with family member KRT14. Mutations in these genes have been associated with a complex of diseases termed epidermolysis bullosa simplex. The type II cytokeratins are

clustered in a region of chromosome 12g12-g13. [provided by RefSeg, Jul 2008],

Function: disease:Defects in KRT5 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa simplex Dowling-

Meara type (DM-EBS) [MIM:131760]. DM-EBS is a severe form of intraepidermal epidermolysis bullosa characterized by generalized herpetiform blistering, milia formation, dystrophic nails, and mucous membrane involvement., disease:Defects in KRT5 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa simplex Koebner type (K-EBS)

[MIM:131900]. K-EBS is a form of intraepidermal epidermolysis bullosa characterized by generalized skin blistering. The phenotype is not fundamentally distinct from the Dowling-Meara type, althought it is less severe., disease:Defects

in KRT5 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa simplex Weber-Cockayne type (WC-EBS) [MIM:131800]. WC-EBS is a form of intraepidermal epidermolysis bullosa

characterized by blistering limited to palmar and plantar areas of the

skin., disease: Defects in KRT5 are the cause of Dowling-D

Subcellular nucleus,cytoplasm,mitochondrion,cytosol,intermediate filament,plasma

Location: membrane, membrane, keratin filament, extracellular exosome,

Expression: Expressed in corneal epithelium (at protein level).

Tag: hot

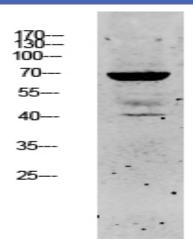
Sort : 8888

Host: Rabbit

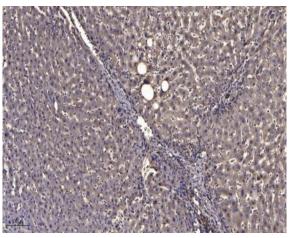
Modifications: Unmodified



Products Images



Western blot analysis of SW480 lysate, antibody was diluted at 1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).