

Cytokeratin 8 (PT0166R) PT® Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: YM8100

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat;

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;IP;ELISA

Target: Cytokeratin 8

Gene Name: KRT8 CYK8

Protein Name: CARD2;CK 8;CK-8;CK8;CYK8;CYKER;Cytokeratin endo

A;Cytokeratin-8;DreK8;EndoA;K2C8;K2C8_HUMAN;K8;Keratin 8;Keratin type II cytoskeletal 8;Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 8;Keratin-8;KO;Krt 2.8;KRT8;MGC118

Human Gene Id: 3856

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 16691

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 25626

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q10758

Specificity: endogenous

Formulation: PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA

Source: Monoclonal, rabbit, IgG, Kappa

P05787

P11679

Dilution: IHC 1:200-1:1000,WB 1:1000-1:5000,IF 1:200-1:1000,ELISA

1:5000-1:20000, IP 1:50-1:200,

Purification: Protein A

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

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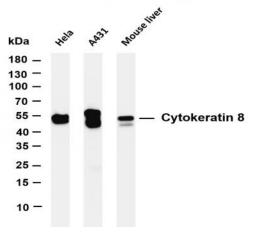
Modifications:

Unmodified

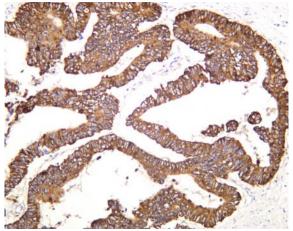
54kD **Molecularweight: Observed Band:** 54kD TLR pathway; TCR pathway; BCR pathway **Cell Pathway: Background:** keratin 8(KRT8) Homo sapiens This gene is a member of the type II keratin family clustered on the long arm of chromosome 12. Type I and type II keratins heteropolymerize to form intermediate-sized filaments in the cytoplasm of epithelial cells. The product of this gene typically dimerizes with keratin 18 to form an intermediate filament in simple single-layered epithelial cells. This protein plays a role in maintaining cellular structural integrity and also functions in signal transduction and cellular differentiation. Mutations in this gene cause cryptogenic cirrhosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012], **Function:** disease:Defects in KRT8 are a cause of cryptogenic cirrhosis [MIM:215600].,function:Together with KRT19, helps to link the contractile apparatus to dystrophin at the costameres of striated muscle..miscellaneous:There are two types of cytoskeletal and microfibrillar keratin: I (acidic; 40-55 kDa) and II (neutral to basic; 56-70 kDa).,PTM:Oglycosylated at multiple sites; glycans consist of single N-acetylglucosamine residues..PTM:Phosphorvlation on serine residues is enhanced during EGF stimulation and mitosis. Ser-74 phosphorylation plays an important role in keratin filament reorganization., similarity: Belongs to the intermediate filament family., subunit: Heterotetramer of two type I and two type II keratins. keratin-8 associates with keratin-18. Associates with KRT20. Interacts with HCV core protein and PNN. When associated with KRT19, interacts with DMD. Interacts with TCHP., tissue spec **Subcellular** Cytoplasm Location: Liver/ Tonsil **Expression:** hot,recombinant Tag: Sort: 999 No4: Host: Rabbit



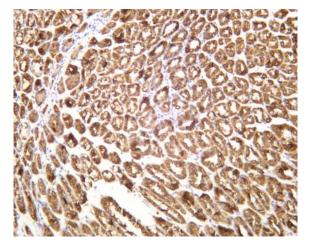
Products Images



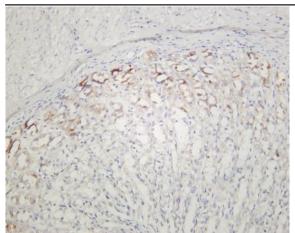
Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-Cytokeratin 8 (PT0166R) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Hela Lane 2: A431 Lane 3: Mouse liver Predicted band size: 54kDa Observed band size: 54kDa



Human colon carcinoma was stained with anti-Cytokeratin 8 (PT0166R) rabbit antibody



Mouse stomach was stained with anti-Cytokeratin 8 (PT0166R) rabbit antibody



Rat stomach was stained with anti-Cytokeratin 8 (PT0166R) rabbit antibody