

GRIN2D Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT6149

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: GRIN2D

Fields: >>Calcium signaling pathway;>>cAMP signaling pathway;>>Neuroactive ligand-

receptor interaction;>>Circadian entrainment;>>Long-term

potentiation;>>Glutamatergic synapse;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Spinocerebellar ataxia;>>Prion disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Cocaine addiction;>>Amphetamine

addiction;>>Nicotine addiction;>>Alcoholism

Gene Name: GRIN2D GluN2D NMDAR2D

O15399

Q03391

Protein Name: Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-4 (EB11) (N-methyl D-aspartate

receptor subtype 2D) (NMDAR2D) (NR2D)

Human Gene Id: 2906

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 14814

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 24412

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q62645

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human GRIN2D Polyclonal

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of GRIN2D.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

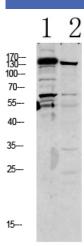
Host:

Rabbit

Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG Source: **Dilution:** WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000 **Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinitychromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. Concentration: 1 mg/ml -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) Storage Stability: Observed Band: 145kD Calcium; Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction; Long-term **Cell Pathway:** potentiation; Alzheimer's disease; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS); Background: N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D). [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010], **Function:** function:NMDA receptor subtype of glutamate-gated ion channels with high calcium permeability and voltage-dependent sensitivity to magnesium. Mediated by glycine., similarity: Belongs to the glutamate-gated ion channel (TC 1.A.10) family., subunit: Interacts with PDZ domains of INADL and DLG4 (By similarity). Forms heteromeric channel of a zeta subunit (GRIN1), a epsilon subunit (GRIN2A, GRIN2B, GRIN2C or GRIN2D) and a third subunit (GRIN3A or GRIN3B)., Subcellular Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Location: Brain, Fetal brain, **Expression:** hot Tag: Sort: 7113 No4: 1

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images



- 1 mouse-liver
- 2 3T3

Western blot analysis of various lysate, antibody was diluted at 1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000