

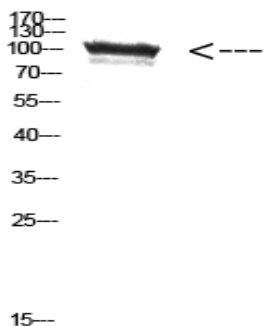
TRPV4 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YT5833
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	TRPV4
Fields :	>>Cellular senescence;>>Inflammatory mediator regulation of TRP channels;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis
Gene Name :	TRPV4 VRL2 VROAC
Protein Name :	transient receptor potential cation channel, subfamily V, member 4
Human Gene Id :	59341
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q9HBA0
Mouse Gene Id :	63873
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q9EPK8
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q9ERZ8
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human TRPV4. AA range:461-510
Specificity :	The antibody detects endogenous TRPV4 protein
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	100kD
Background :	transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 4(TRPV4) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the OSM9-like transient receptor potential channel (OTRPC) subfamily in the transient receptor potential (TRP) superfamily of ion channels. The encoded protein is a Ca ²⁺ -permeable, nonselective cation channel that is thought to be involved in the regulation of systemic osmotic pressure. Mutations in this gene are the cause of spondylometaphyseal and metatropic dysplasia and hereditary motor and sensory neuropathy type IIC. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2010],
Function :	disease:Defects in TRPV4 are the cause of brachyolmia type 3 [MIM:113500]; also called brachyrachia. The brachyolmias constitute a clinically and genetically heterogeneous group of skeletal dysplasias characterized by a short trunk, scoliosis and mild short stature. Type 3 brachyolmia is an autosomal dominant form with severe kyphoscoliosis and flattened, irregular cervical vertebrae.,function:Non-selective calcium permeant cation channel probably involved in osmotic sensitivity and mechanosensitivity. Activation by exposure to hypotonicity within the physiological range exhibits an outward rectification. Also activated by low pH, citrate and phorbol esters. Increase of intracellular Ca(2+) potentiates currents. Channel activity seems to be regulated by a calmodulin-dependent mechanism with a negative feedback mechanism.,similarity:Belongs to the transient receptor family. TrpV subfamily
Subcellular Location :	Cell membrane . Apical cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell projection, cilium . Assembly of the putative homotetramer occurs primarily in the endoplasmic reticulum. .; [Isoform 1]: Cell membrane .; [Isoform 5]: Cell membrane .; [Isoform 2]: Endoplasmic reticulum .; [Isoform 4]: Endoplasmic reticulum .; [Isoform 6]: Endoplasmic reticulum .
Expression :	Found in the synoviocytes from patients with (RA) and without (CTR) rheumatoid arthritis (at protein level).
Tag :	hot
Sort :	23613
No4 :	1
Host :	Rabbit

Modifications : Unmodified

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of HEPG2 cells using Antibody diluted at 500. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000