

NF-L Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YT5096
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Target :	NF-L
Fields :	>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases
Gene Name :	NEFL
Protein Name :	Neurofilament light polypeptide
Human Gene Id :	4747
Human Swiss Prot	P07196
Mouse Gene Id :	18039
Mouse Swiss Prot	P08551
No : Rat Gene Id :	83613
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P19527
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human NF-L.
Specificity :	NF-L Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NF-L protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1:40000 IF 1:50-200

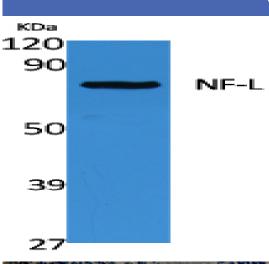


Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-
	chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
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Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	61kD
Observed Barid :	UKD
Cell Pathway :	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS);
Cell Fallway.	
Background :	Neurofilaments are type IV intermediate filament heteropolymers composed of
Buokground.	light, medium, and heavy chains. Neurofilaments comprise the axoskeleton and
	they functionally maintain the neuronal caliber. They may also play a role in
	intracellular transport to axons and dendrites. This gene encodes the light chain
	neurofilament protein. Mutations in this gene cause Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease
	types 1F (CMT1F) and 2E (CMT2E), disorders of the peripheral nervous system
	that are characterized by distinct neuropathies. A pseudogene has been identified
	on chromosome Y. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008],
Exercise Manage	and the The company of the second base in device of frame and Framework based on the
Function :	caution:The sequence shown here is derived from an Ensembl automatic
	analysis pipeline and should be considered as preliminary data.,disease:Defects
	in NEFL are the cause of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease type 1F (CMT1F)
	[MIM:607734]. CMT1F is a form of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, the most
	common inherited disorder of the peripheral nervous system. Charcot-Marie-
	Tooth disease is classified in two main groups on the basis of electrophysiologic
	properties and histopathology: primary peripheral demyelinating neuropathy or
	CMT1, and primary peripheral axonal neuropathy or CMT2. Neuropathies of the
	CMT1 group are characterized by severely reduced nerve conduction velocities
	(less than 38 m/sec), segmental demyelination and remyelination with onion bulb
	formations on nerve biopsy, slowly progressive distal muscle atrophy and
	weakness, absent deep tendon reflexes, and hollow feet. CMT1F is charac
Subcellular	Cell projection, axon . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton .
Location :	
Expression :	Amygdala,Brain,Fetal brain cortex,Thalamus,
Tog	orthogonal hat
Tag :	orthogonal,hot
Sort	10770
Sort :	
No4 :	1
1104.	
Host :	Rabbit
nost.	



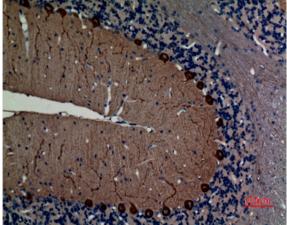
Modifications :

Unmodified



Products Images

Western Blot analysis of extracts from Jurkat cells, using NF-L Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100