

USP16 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4831

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: USP16

Gene Name: USP16

Protein Name: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16

Q9Y5T5

Q99LG0

Human Gene Id: 10600

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 74112

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 288306

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q2KJ09

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human USP16.

Specificity: USP16 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of USP16 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

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Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 93kD

Background: This gene encodes a deubiquitinating enzyme that is phosphorylated at the

onset of mitosis and then dephosphorylated at the metaphase/anaphase transition. It can deubiquitinate H2A, one of two major ubiquitinated proteins of chromatin, in vitro and a mutant form of the protein was shown to block cell division. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms,

have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: catalytic activity: Ubiquitin C-terminal thioester + H(2)O = ubiquitin + a

thiol., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving USP16 is a cause of Chronic

myelomonocytic leukemia. Inversion inv(21) (q21;q22) with

RUNX1/AML1., domain: The UBP-type zinc finger binds 3 zinc ions that form a pair of cross-braced ring fingers encapsulated within a third zinc finger in the

primary structure. It recognizes the C-terminal tail of free

ubiquitin.,function:Specifically deubiquitinates histone H2A, a specific tag for

epigenetic transcriptional repression, thereby acting as a coactivator.

Deubiquitination of histone H2A is a prerequisite for subsequent phosphorylation at 'Ser-10' of histone H3, and is required for chromosome segregation when cells

enter into mitosis. Regulates Hox gene expression via histone H2A

deubiquitination. Prefers nucleosomal substrates. Does not deubiquitinate histone

H2B.,PTM:Ph

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus.

Expression: Present in all the tissues examined including fetal brain, lung, liver, kidney, and

adult heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas.

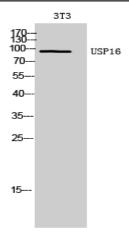
Sort: 24003

No4:

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using USP16 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000