

Troponin I-C Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4749

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Troponin I-C

Fields: >>cAMP signaling pathway;>>Cardiac muscle contraction;>>Adrenergic

signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;>>Dilated

cardiomyopathy;>>Diabetic cardiomyopathy

Gene Name: TNNI3

Protein Name: Troponin I cardiac muscle

P19429

P48787

Human Gene Id: 7137

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 21954

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 29248

Rat Swiss Prot No: P23693

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

TNNI3. AA range:11-60

Specificity: Troponin I-C Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Troponin I-C

protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source : Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

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Host:

Rabbit

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000.. IF 1:50-200 **Dilution: Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinitychromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. Concentration: 1 mg/ml -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability: Observed Band:** 26kD Cardiac muscle contraction; Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM); Dilated **Cell Pathway:** cardiomyopathy; Troponin I (TnI), along with troponin T (TnT) and troponin C (TnC), is one of 3 **Background:** subunits that form the troponin complex of the thin filaments of striated muscle. Tnl is the inhibitory subunit; blocking actin-myosin interactions and thereby mediating striated muscle relaxation. The Tnl subfamily contains three genes: Tnlskeletal-fast-twitch, TnI-skeletal-slow-twitch, and TnI-cardiac. This gene encodes the Tnl-cardiac protein and is exclusively expressed in cardiac muscle tissues. Mutations in this gene cause familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy type 7 (CMH7) and familial restrictive cardiomyopathy (RCM). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], **Function:** disease: Defects in TNNI3 are the cause of cardiomyopathy dilated type 2A (CMD2A) [MIM:611880]. Dilated cardiomyopathy is a disorder characterized by ventricular dilation and impaired systolic function, resulting in congestive heart failure and arrhythmia. Patients are at risk of premature death., disease: Defects in TNNI3 are the cause of cardiomyopathy familial hypertrophic type 7 (CMH7) [MIM:191044]. Familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy is a hereditary heart disorder characterized by ventricular hypertrophy, which is usually asymmetric and often involves the interventricular septum. The symptoms include dyspnea, syncope, collapse, palpitations, and chest pain. They can be readily provoked by exercise. The disorder has inter- and intrafamilial variability ranging from benign to malignant forms with high risk of cardiac failure and sudden cardiac death..disease:Defects in TNNI3 are the cau Subcellular cytosol,troponin complex,sarcomere, Location: **Expression:** Heart, Heart muscle, PCR rescued clones, Sort: 1252 No4: 1



Modifications: Unmodified

Products Images

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