

SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4362

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: IF;WB;IHC;ELISA

Target: SOCS-1

Fields: >>Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis;>>Osteoclast differentiation;>>JAK-STAT

signaling pathway;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Prolactin signaling

pathway;>>Type II diabetes mellitus;>>Growth hormone synthesis, secretion and

action;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>MicroRNAs in cancer

Gene Name: SOCS1

Protein Name: Suppressor of cytokine signaling 1

O15524

O35716

Human Gene Id: 8651

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12703

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 252971

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q9QX78

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

SOCS-1. AA range:49-98

Specificity: SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SOCS-1 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG



Dilution: IF 1:50-200 WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000 IHC 1:50-300

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 38kD

Cell Pathway: Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis;Jak_STAT;Insulin_Receptor;Type II diabetes

mellitus;

Background: This gene encodes a member of the STAT-induced STAT inhibitor (SSI), also

known as suppressor of cytokine signaling (SOCS), family. SSI family members are cytokine-inducible negative regulators of cytokine signaling. The expression of

this gene can be induced by a subset of cytokines, including IL2, IL3

erythropoietin (EPO), CSF2/GM-CSF, and interferon (IFN)-gamma. The protein encoded by this gene functions downstream of cytokine receptors, and takes part in a negative feedback loop to attenuate cytokine signaling. Knockout studies in mice suggested the role of this gene as a modulator of IFN-gamma action, which is required for normal postnatal growth and survival. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008],

Function: domain: The ESS and SH2 domains are required for JAK phosphotyrosine

binding. Further interaction with the KIR domain is necessary for signal and kinase inhibition.,domain:The SOCS box domain mediates the interaction with the

Elongin BC complex, an adapter module in different E3 ubiquitin ligase

complexes. The Elongin BC complex binding domain is also known as BC-box with the consensus [APST]-L-x(3)-C-x(3)-[AILV] and is part of the SOCS box.,function:SOCS family proteins form part of a classical negative feedback system that regulates cytokine signal transduction. SOCS1 is involved in negative regulation of cytokines that signal through the JAK/STAT3 pathway. Through binding to JAKs, inhibits their kinase activity. In vitro, also suppresses Tec protein-

tyrosine activity. Appears to be a major regulator of signaling by interleukin 6 (IL6)

and leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF). Regulates int

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus . Cytoplasmic vesicle . Detected in perinuclear cytoplasmic vesicles

upon interaction with FGFR3.

Expression: Expressed in all tissues with high expression in spleen, small intestine and

peripheral blood leukocytes.

Tag: orthogonal



Sort:

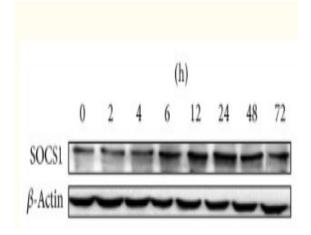
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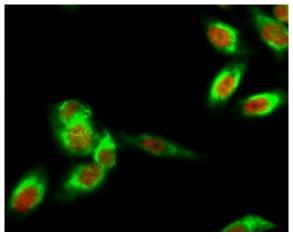
Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified

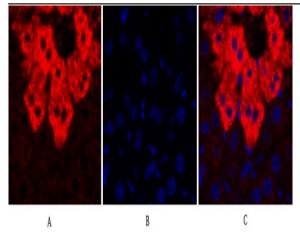
Products Images



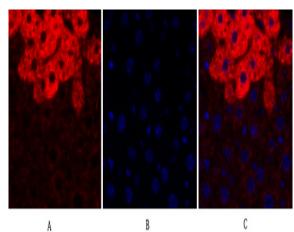
Sun, Min, et al. "DJC Suppresses Advanced Glycation End Products-Induced JAK-STAT Signaling and ROS in Mesangial Cells." Evidence-Based Complementary and Alternative Medicine 2017 (2017).



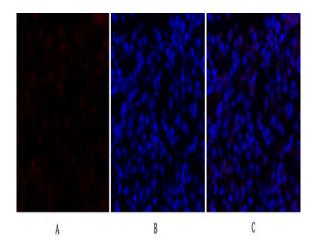
Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). β -Tubulin Monoclonal Antibody(5G3)(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 594 Catalog:RS3611 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). Goat Anti Mouse Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3208 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min).



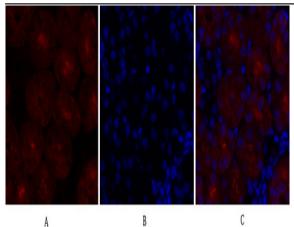
Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse-liver tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



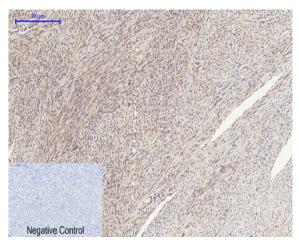
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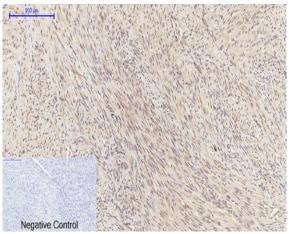
Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse-lung tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



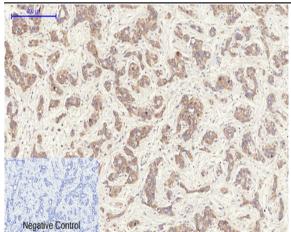
Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse-kidney tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



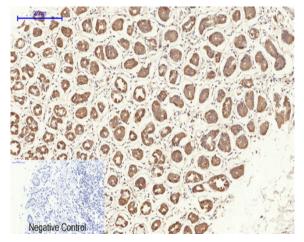
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Humanuterus tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



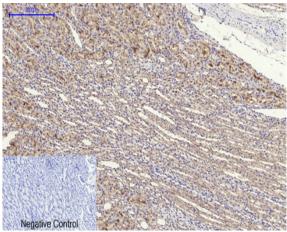
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Humanuterus-cancer tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



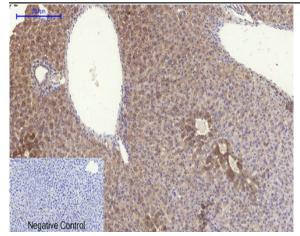
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver-cancer tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



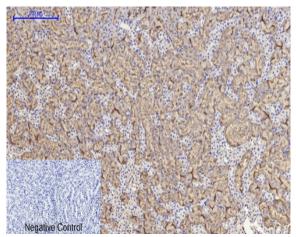
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Humanstomach tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



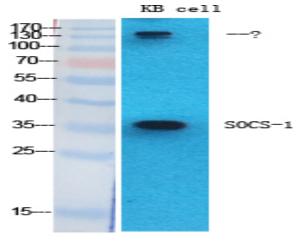
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-kidney tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-liver tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-kidney tissue. 1,SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using SOCS-1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000

