

## **PCAF Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT3615

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: PCAF

**Fields:** >>Viral life cycle - HIV-1;>>Notch signaling pathway;>>Thyroid hormone

signaling pathway;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1 infection;>>Viral

carcinogenesis

Gene Name: KAT2B

**Protein Name:** Histone acetyltransferase KAT2B

Q92831

Q9JHD1

Human Gene Id: 8850

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 18519

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

p300/CBP. AA range:783-832

**Specificity:** PCAF Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PCAF protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Concentration:** 1 mg/ml

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability:** 

Observed Band: 93kD

**Cell Pathway:** Protein\_Acetylation

CBP and p300 are large nuclear proteins that bind to many sequence-specific **Background:** 

> factors involved in cell growth and/or differentiation, including c-jun and the adenoviral oncoprotein E1A. The protein encoded by this gene associates with p300/CBP. It has in vitro and in vivo binding activity with CBP and p300, and competes with E1A for binding sites in p300/CBP. It has histone acetyl transferase activity with core histones and nucleosome core particles, indicating

that this protein plays a direct role in transcriptional regulation. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008],

chromatin organization, chromatin remodeling, transcription, regulation of **Function:** 

> transcription, DNA-dependent, protein amino acid acetylation, N-terminal protein amino acid acetylation, cell cycle, cell cycle arrest, negative regulation of cell proliferation, response to endogenous stimulus, response to hormone

stimulus, response to organic substance, chromatin modification, covalent chromatin modification, histone modification, histone acetylation, N-terminal

peptidyl-lysine acetylation, peptidyl-lysine modification, peptidyl-lysine acetylation, cell cycle process, N-terminal protein amino acid

modification, response to insulin stimulus, cellular response to insulin stimulus, cellular response to hormone stimulus, regulation of cell

proliferation, response to peptide hormone stimulus, protein amino acid acylation, regulation of transcription, regulation of RNA metabolic

process, chromosome orga

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm . Mainly localizes to the nucleus. Also localizes to centrosomes in late

G1 and around the G1/S transition, coinciding with the onset of centriole

formation. Subcellular location may vary depending upon cell differentiation state. Cytoplasmic at the very stages of keratinocyte differentiation, becomes nuclear at later differentiation stages. Cytoplasmic in basal epithelial cells (undifferentiated cells) and nuclear in parabasal cells (differentiated cells) (PubMed:20940255). .

**Expression:** 

Ubiquitously expressed but most abundant in heart and skeletal muscle. Also

expressed in the skin, in keratinocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:20940255).

Sort: 11680

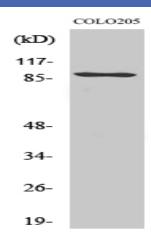
No4:

Rabbit

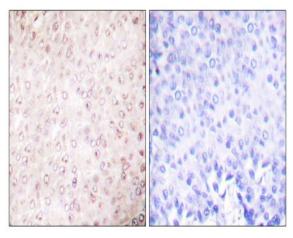
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Unmodified

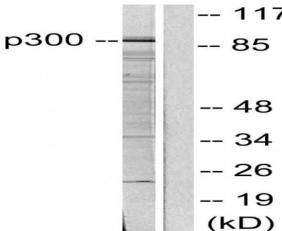
## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using PCAF Polyclonal Antibody cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using p300/CBP Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COLO205 cells, using p300/CBP Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.