

Melanopsin Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT2729

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: WB;ELISA;IHC

Target: Melanopsin

Gene Name: OPN4

Protein Name: Melanopsin

Human Gene Id: 94233

Human Swiss Prot

i lulliali Swiss Pio

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen:

Q9QXZ9

Q9UHM6

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

OPN4. AA range:429-478

Specificity: Melanopsin Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Melanopsin

protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:50-300; ELISA 2000-20000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 55kD

1/4



Background:

Opsins are members of the guanine nucleotide-binding protein (G protein)-coupled receptor superfamily. This gene encodes a photoreceptive opsin protein that is expressed within the ganglion and amacrine cell layers of the retina. In mouse, retinal ganglion cell axons expressing this gene projected to the suprachiasmatic nucleus and other brain nuclei involved in circadian photoentrainment. In mouse, this protein is coupled to a transient receptor potential (TRP) ion channel through a G protein signaling pathway and produces a physiologic light response via membrane depolarization and increased intracellular calcium. The protein functions as a sensory photopigment and may also have photoisomerase activity. Experiments with knockout mice indicate that this gene attenuates, but does not abolish, photoentrainment. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by Ref

Function:

caution:The sequence shown here is derived from an Ensembl automatic analysis pipeline and should be considered as preliminary data.,function:Photoreceptor required for regulation of circadian rhythm.

Contributes to pupillar reflex and other non-image forming responses to light. May be able to isomerize covalently bound all-trans retinal back to 11-cis retinal.,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. Opsin subfamily.,subcellular location:Found in soma, dendrites and proximal part of axons of certain retinal ganglion cells.,tissue specificity:Eye. Expression is restricted within the ganglion and amacrine cell layers of the retina.,

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell projection, axon . Cell projection, dendrite . Perikaryon .

Expression:

Expressed in the retina.

Sort:

9578

No4:

1

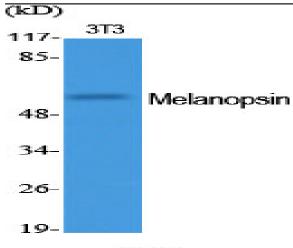
Host:

Rabbit

Modifications:

Unmodified

Products Images

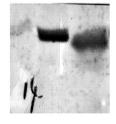


Western Blot analysis of various cells using Melanopsin Polyclonal Antibody

COLO205
(kD)
1178548342619-

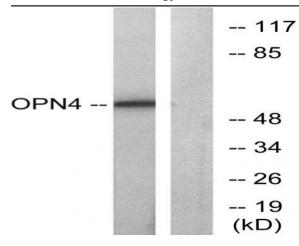
Western Blot analysis of COLO205 cells using Melanopsin Polyclonal Antibody

colo 3T3

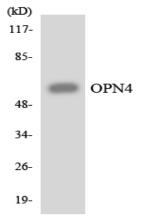


Melanopsin ~55KD

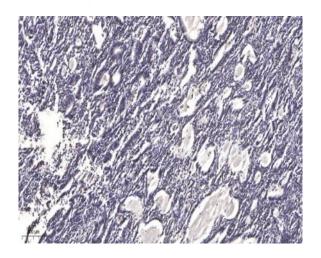
Western blot analysis of various lysis using Melanopsin Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Western blot analysis of lysates from COLO cells, using OPN4 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HeLa cells using OPN4 antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Gastric adenocarcinoma. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).