

Rad51 (PT0083R) PT® Rabbit mAb

Catalog No: YM8046

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat;

Applications: WB;IF;IP;ELISA

Target: RAD51

Fields: >>Homologous recombination;>>Fanconi anemia pathway;>>Pathways in

cancer;>>Pancreatic cancer

Gene Name: RAD51

Protein Name: DNA repair protein RAD51 homolog 1

Q06609

Q08297

Human Gene Id: 5888

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 19361

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Specificity: endogenous

Formulation: PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA

Source: Monoclonal, rabbit, IgG, Kappa

Dilution: WB 1:1000-1:5000;IF 1:200-1:1000;ELISA 1:5000-1:20000;IP 1:50-1:200;

Purification: Protein A

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 37kD

1/3

Observed Band: 37kD

Cell Pathway : Homologous recombination; Pathways in cancer; Pancreatic cancer;

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the RAD51 protein family. RAD51 family members are highly similar to bacterial RecA and Saccharomyces cerevisiae Rad51, and are known to be involved in the homologous recombination and repair of DNA. This protein can interact with the ssDNA-binding protein RPA and RAD52, and it is thought to play roles in homologous pairing and strand transfer of DNA. This protein is also found to interact with BRCA1 and BRCA2, which may be important for the cellular response to DNA damage. BRCA2 is shown to regulate both the intracellular localization and DNA-binding ability of this protein. Loss of these controls following BRCA2 inactivation may be a key event leading to genomic instability and tumorigenesis. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2009],

Function:

disease:Defects in RAD51 are associated with breast cancer (BC) [MIM:114480].,function:May participate in a common DNA damage response pathway associated with the activation of homologous recombination and double-strand break repair. Binds to single and double stranded DNA and exhibits DNA-dependent ATPase activity. Underwinds duplex DNA and forms helical nucleoprotein filaments.,PTM:Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation of Thr-309 by CHEK1/CHK1 may enhance association with chromatin at sites of DNA damage and promote DNA repair by homologous recombination.,similarity:Belongs to the recA family.,similarity:Belongs to the recA family. RAD51 subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 HhH domain.,subcellular location:Colocalizes with RAD51AP1 to multiple nuclear foci upon induction of DNA damage.,subunit:Interacts with BRCA1, BRCA2 and either directly or indirectly with p53. Interacts with XRCC3, RAD54L an

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm, Nucleus

Expression:

Highly expressed in testis and thymus, followed by small intestine, placenta,

colon, pancreas and ovary. Weakly expressed in breast.

Tag: hot,recombinant

Sort:

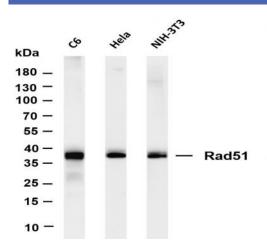
No4: 1

Host: Rabbit

Modifications: Unmodified



Products Images



Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-Rad51 (PT0083R) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: C6 Lane 2: Hela Lane 3: NIH-3T3 Predicted band size: 37kDa Observed band size: 37kDa