

Cytokeratin 8 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT1273

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Cytokeratin 8

Gene Name: KRT8

Protein Name: Keratin type II cytoskeletal 8

P05787

P11679

Human Gene ld: 3856

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 16691

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 25626

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q10758

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Keratin 8. AA range:401-450

Specificity: Cytokeratin 8 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Cytokeratin 8

protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:5000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

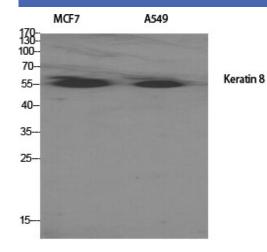
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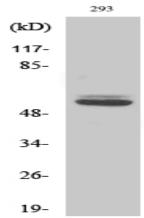
Dest 10015 for infinition	gy Nesearch
	chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	53kD
Background:	keratin 8(KRT8) Homo sapiens This gene is a member of the type II keratin family clustered on the long arm of chromosome 12. Type I and type II keratins heteropolymerize to form intermediate-sized filaments in the cytoplasm of epithelial cells. The product of this gene typically dimerizes with keratin 18 to form an intermediate filament in simple single-layered epithelial cells. This protein plays a role in maintaining cellular structural integrity and also functions in signal transduction and cellular differentiation. Mutations in this gene cause cryptogenic cirrhosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012],
Function:	disease:Defects in KRT8 are a cause of cryptogenic cirrhosis [MIM:215600].,function:Together with KRT19, helps to link the contractile apparatus to dystrophin at the costameres of striated muscle.,miscellaneous:There are two types of cytoskeletal and microfibrillar keratin: I (acidic; 40-55 kDa) and II (neutral to basic; 56-70 kDa).,PTM:Oglycosylated at multiple sites; glycans consist of single N-acetylglucosamine residues.,PTM:Phosphorylation on serine residues is enhanced during EGF stimulation and mitosis. Ser-74 phosphorylation plays an important role in keratin filament reorganization.,similarity:Belongs to the intermediate filament family.,subunit:Heterotetramer of two type I and two type II keratins. keratin-8 associates with keratin-18. Associates with KRT20. Interacts with HCV core protein and PNN. When associated with KRT19, interacts with DMD. Interacts with TCHP.,tissue spec
Subcellular	Cytoplasm . Nucleus, nucleoplasm . Nucleus matrix .
Location : Expression :	Observed in muscle fibers accumulating in the costameres of myoplasm at the sarcolemma membrane in structures that contain dystrophin and spectrin. Expressed in gingival mucosa and hard palate of the oral cavity.
Tag:	orthogonal
Sort :	4960
	4
No4:	
Host ·	Babbit

Modifications: Unmodified

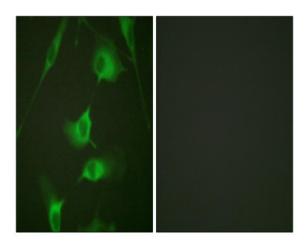
Products Images



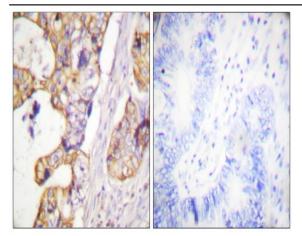
Western Blot analysis of various cells using Cytokeratin 8 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Cytokeratin 8 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using Keratin 8 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue, using Keratin 8 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.