

Cortactin Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YT1064
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat;Monkey
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Target :	Cortactin
Fields :	>>Tight junction;>>Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;>>Shigellosis;>>Proteoglycans in cancer
Gene Name :	CTTN
Protein Name :	Src substrate cortactin
Human Gene Id :	13043
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q14247
Mouse Gene Id :	13043
Mouse Swiss Prot	Q60598
No : Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from mouse Cortactin. AA range:441-490
Specificity :	Cortactin Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Cortactin protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity- chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



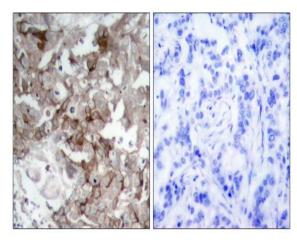
Best Tools for immunology Research			
Concentration :	1 mg/ml		
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)		
Observed Band :	80kD		
Cell Pathway :	Tight junction;Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;		
Background :	cortactin(CTTN) Homo sapiens This gene is overexpressed in breast cancer and squamous cell carcinomas of the head and neck. The encoded protein is localized in the cytoplasm and in areas of the cell-substratum contacts. This gene has two roles: (1) regulating the interactions between components of adherens- type junctions and (2) organizing the cytoskeleton and cell adhesion structures of epithelia and carcinoma cells. During apoptosis, the encoded protein is degraded in a caspase-dependent manner. The aberrant regulation of this gene contributes to tumor cell invasion and metastasis. Three splice variants that encode different isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010],		
Function :	function:May contribute to the organization of cell structure. The SH3 motif may function as a binding region to cytoskeleton. Tyrosine phosphorylation in transformed cells may contribute to cellular growth regulation and transformation.,online information:Cortactin entry,similarity:Contains 1 SH3 domain.,similarity:Contains 7 cortactin repeats.,subcellular location:Associated with membrane ruffles and lamellipodia.,subunit:Interacts with SHANK2 and SHANK3 via its SH2 domain. Also interacts with FGD1 (By similarity). Interacts with PLXDC2.,		
Subcellular Location :	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell projection, lamellipodium . Cell projection, ruffle. Cell projection, dendrite . Cell projection . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Cell projection, podosome . Cell junction . Cell junction, focal adhesion . Membrane, clathrin-coated pit . Cell projection, dendritic spine . Cytoplasm, cell cortex . Colocalizes transiently with PTK2/FAK1 at focal adhesions (By similarity). Associated with membrane ruffles and lamellipodia. In the presence of CTTNBP2NL, colocalizes with stress fibers (By similarity). In the presence of CTTNBP2, localizes at the cell cortex (By similarity). In response to neuronal activation by glutamate, redistributes from dendritic spines to the dendritic shaft (By similarity). Colocalizes with DNM2 at the basis		
Expression :	Coronary artery, Epithelium, Mammary gland, Placenta, Platelet, Testis,		
Sort :	4445		
No4 :	1		
Host :	Rabbit		



Modifications :

Unmodified

Products Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using Cortactin Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

LOVO LOV	LOVO LOVO		
		117	
Cortactin		85	
		48	
		34	
		26	
		19 (D)	

Western blot analysis of lysates from LOVO cells, using Cortactin Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.