

c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody

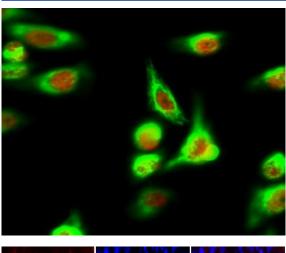
Catalog No :	YT0887
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	IF;WB;IHC;ELISA
Target :	c-Fos
Fields :	>>Endocrine resistance;>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>cAMP signaling pathway;>>Apoptosis;>>Osteoclast differentiation;>>Toll-like receptor signaling pathway;>>IL-17 signaling pathway;>>Th1 and Th2 cell differentiation;>>Th17 cell differentiation;>>T cell receptor signaling pathway;>>B cell receptor signaling pathway;>>TNF signaling pathway;>>Circadian entrainment;>>Cholinergic synapse;>>Dopaminergic synapse;>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Prolactin signaling pathway;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway;>>Relaxin signaling pathway;>>Parathyroid hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease;>>Growth hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Amphetamine addiction;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;>>Salmonella infection;>>Pertussis;>>Yersinia infection;>>Leishmaniasis;>>Chagas disease;>>Hepatitis B;>>Measles;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1 infection;>>Kaposi sarcoma- associated herpesvirus infection;>>Human immunodeficiency virus 1 infection;>>Coronavirus disease - CO
Gene Name :	FOS
Protein Name :	Proto-oncogene c-Fos
Human Gene Id :	2353
Human Swiss Prot No :	P01100
Mouse Gene Id :	14281
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	P01101
Rat Gene Id :	140675
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P12841



Best Tools for immunology Research		
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Fos. AA range:331-380	
Specificity :	c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of c-Fos protein.	
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.	
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG	
Dilution :	IF 1:50-200 WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000. Not yet tested in other applications.	
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity- chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.	
Concentration :	1 mg/ml	
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)	
Observed Band :	62kD	
Cell Pathway :	MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;Toll_Like;T_Cell_Receptor;B_Cell_Anti gen;Pathways in cancer;Colorectal cancer;	
Background :	The Fos gene family consists of 4 members: FOS, FOSB, FOSL1, and FOSL2. These genes encode leucine zipper proteins that can dimerize with proteins of the JUN family, thereby forming the transcription factor complex AP-1. As such, the FOS proteins have been implicated as regulators of cell proliferation, differentiation, and transformation. In some cases, expression of the FOS gene has also been associated with apoptotic cell death. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],	
Function :	function:Nuclear phosphoprotein which forms a tight but non-covalently linked complex with the JUN/AP-1 transcription factor. In the heterodimer, c-fos and JUN/AP-1 basic regions each seems to interact with symmetrical DNA half sites. Has a critical function in regulating the development of cells destined to form and maintain the skeleton. It is thought to have an important role in signal transduction, cell proliferation and differentiation.,PTM:Constitutively sumoylated by SUMO1, SUMO2 and SUMO3. Desumoylated by SENP2. Sumoylation requires heterodimerization with JUN and is enhanced by mitogen stimulation. Sumoylation inhibits the AP-1 transcriptional activity and is, itself, inhibited by Rasactivated phosphorylation on Thr-232.,PTM:Phosphorylated in the C-terminal upon stimulation by nerve growth factor (NGF) and epidermal growth factor (EGF). Phosphorylated, in vitro, by MAPK and RSK	
Subcellular	Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum. Cytoplasm, cytosol. In quiescent cells, present	

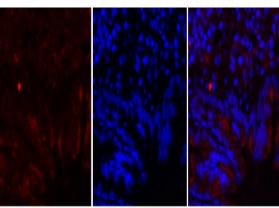


Location :	in very small amounts in the cytosol. Following induction of cell growth, first
Location.	localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and only later to the nucleus. Localization
	at the endoplasmic reticulum requires dephosphorylation at Tyr-10 and Tyr-30.
Expression :	Lung adenocarcinoma, Pancreas, Tongue,
1.1	
Sort :	1373
No4 :	1
Host :	Rabbit
Modifications :	Unmodified



Products Images

Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). α-SMA Monoclonal Antibody(6A12)(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 594 Catalog:RS3611 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). Goat Anti Mouse Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3208 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min).



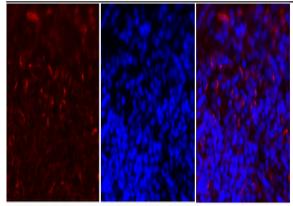
A

В

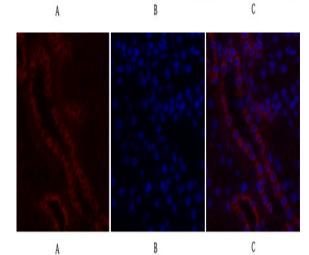
С

Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1,c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

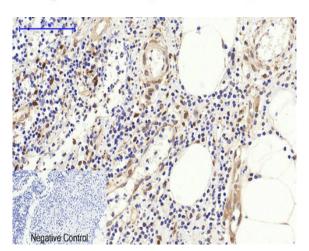




Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-spleen tissue. 1,c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

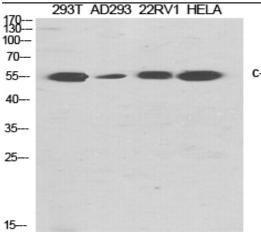


Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse-kidney tissue. 1,c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-Appendix tissue. 1,c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.





Western Blot analysis of various cells using c-Fos Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).

c-Fos