

## **ALDH1B1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT0189

**Reactivity:** Human; Monkey

**Applications:** WB;ELISA

Target: ALDH1B1

**Fields:** >>Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis;>>Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism;>>Fatty

acid degradation;>>Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation;>>Lysine

degradation;>>Arginine and proline metabolism;>>Histidine metabolism;>>Tryptophan metabolism;>>beta-Alanine

metabolism;>>Glycerolipid metabolism;>>Pyruvate metabolism;>>Pantothenate

and CoA biosynthesis;>>Metabolic pathways;>>Biosynthesis of

cofactors;>>Alcoholic liver disease

Gene Name: ALDH1B1

**Protein Name:** Aldehyde dehydrogenase X mitochondrial

Human Gene Id: 219

**Human Swiss Prot** 

P30837

Q9CZS1

No:

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

Immunogen:

No:

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

ALDH1B1. AA range:311-360

**Specificity:** ALDH1B1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ALDH1B1 protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



**Concentration**: 1 mg/ml

**Storage Stability:** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 57kD

**Cell Pathway:** Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis; Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism; Fatty acid

metabolism; Valine; leucine and isoleucine degradation; Lysine degradation; Arginine and proline metabolism; Histidine metabolism;

**Background:** This protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenases family of proteins.

Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the second enzyme of the major oxidative pathway of alcohol metabolism. This gene does not contain introns in the coding sequence. The variation of this locus may affect the development of alcohol-related

problems. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: catalytic activity: An aldehyde + NAD(+) + H(2)O = an acid +

NADH.,function:ALDHs play a major role in the detoxification of alcohol-derived acetaldehyde. They are involved in the metabolism of corticosteroids, biogenic amines, neurotransmitters, and lipid peroxidation.,pathway:Alcohol metabolism; ethanol degradation; acetate from ethanol: step 2/2.,similarity:Belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family.,subunit:Homotetramer.,tissue specificity:Liver,

testis and to a lesser extent in brain.,

Subcellular Location:

Mitochondrion matrix.

**Expression:** Liver, testis and to a lesser extent in brain.

**Sort :** 1886

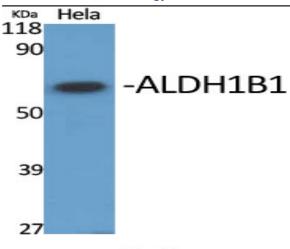
**No4**: 1

Host: Rabbit

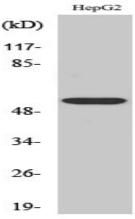
Modifications: Unmodified

## **Products Images**

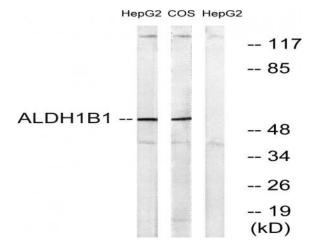
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Western Blot analysis of various cells using ALDH1B1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western Blot analysis of COS7 cells using ALDH1B1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 and COS cells, using ALDH1B1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.